

# M300 Series Data Acquisition/Switch System

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If you have any problem or requirement when using our products or this manual, please contact **RIGOL**.

E-mail: service@rigol.com Website: www.rigol.com

## **Safety Requirement**

### **General Safety Summary**

Please review the following safety precautions carefully before putting the instrument into operation so as to avoid any personal injury or damage to the instrument and any product connected to it. To prevent potential hazards, please use the instrument only specified by this manual.

#### **Use Proper Power Cord.**

Only the power cord designed for the instrument and authorized for use within the local country could be used.

#### Ground The Instrument.

The instrument is grounded through the Protective Earth lead of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, it is essential to connect the earth terminal of power cord to the Protective Earth terminal before any inputs or outputs.

#### **Connect the Probe Correctly.**

If a probe is used, do not connect the ground lead to high voltage since it has the isobaric electric potential as ground.

#### **Observe All Terminal Ratings.**

To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markers on the instrument and check your manual for more information about ratings before connecting.

## Use Proper Overvoltage Protection.

Make sure that no overvoltage (such as that caused by a thunderstorm) can reach the product, or else the operator might expose to danger of electrical shock.

#### **Do Not Operate Without Covers.**

Do not operate the instrument with covers or panels removed.

## Do Not Insert Anything into the Holes of Fan.

Do not insert anything into the holes of the fan to avoid damaging the instrument.

#### **Use Proper Fuse.**

Please use the specified fuses.

#### **Avoid Circuit or Wire Exposure.**

Do not touch exposed junctions and components when the unit is powered.

#### **Do Not Operate With Suspected**

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#### Failures.

If you suspect damage occurs to the instrument, have it inspected by qualified service personnel before further operations. Any maintenance, adjustment or replacement especially to circuits or accessories must be performed by **RIGOL** authorized personnel.

#### **Keep Well Ventilation.**

Inadequate ventilation may cause increasing of temperature or damages to the device. So please keep well ventilated and inspect the intake and fan regularly.

## Do Not Operate in Wet Conditions.

In order to avoid short circuiting to the interior of the device or electric shock, please do not operate in a humid environment.

## Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere.

In order to avoid damage to the device or personal injuries, it is important to operate the device away from an explosive atmosphere.

## Keep Product Surfaces Clean and Dry.

To avoid the influence of dust and/or moisture in air, please keep the surface of device clean and dry.

#### **Electrostatic Prevention.**

Operate in an electrostatic discharge protective area environment to avoid damage induced by static discharges. Always ground both the internal and external conductors of cable to release static before connecting.

#### **Proper Use of Battery.**

If a battery is supplied, it must not be exposed to high temperature or in contact with fire. Keep it out of the reach of children. Improper change of battery (note: lithium battery) may cause explosion. Use **RIGOL** specified battery only.

#### Handling Safety.

Please handle with care during transportation to avoid damages to buttons, knob interfaces and other parts on the panels.

### **Safety Terms and Symbols**

**Terms Used in this Manual**. These terms may appear in this manual:



#### WARNING

Warning statements indicate the conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



#### CAUTION

Caution statements indicate the conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

**Terms Used on the Product.** These terms may appear on the Product:

DANGER WARNING CAUTION indicates an injury or hazard may immediately happen.

indicates an injury or hazard may be accessible potentially.

indicates potential damage to the instrument or other property might

occur.

Symbols Used on the Product. These symbols may appear on the product:



Hazardous Voltage



Safety Warning



Protective Earth Terminal



Chassis Ground



Test Ground

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### Allgemeine Sicherheits Informationen

Überprüfen Sie diefolgenden Sicherheitshinweise sorgfältigumPersonenschädenoderSchäden am Gerätundan damit verbundenen weiteren Gerätenzu vermeiden. Zur Vermeidung vonGefahren, nutzen Sie bitte das Gerät nur so, wiein diesem Handbuchangegeben.

# Um Feuer oder Verletzungen zu vermeiden, verwenden Sie ein ordnungsgemäßes Netzkabel.

Verwenden Sie für dieses Gerät nur das für ihr Land zugelassene und genehmigte Netzkabel.

#### Erden des Gerätes.

Das Gerät ist durch den Schutzleiter im Netzkabel geerdet. Um Gefahren durch elektrischen Schlag zu vermeiden, ist es unerlässlich, die Erdung durchzuführen. Erst dann dürfen weitere Ein- oder Ausgänge verbunden werden.

#### Anschluss einesTastkopfes.

Die Erdungsklemmen der Sonden sindauf dem gleichen Spannungspegel des Instruments geerdet. SchließenSie die Erdungsklemmen an keine hohe Spannung an.

#### Beachten Sie alle Anschlüsse.

Zur Vermeidung von Feuer oder Stromschlag, beachten Sie alle Bemerkungen und Markierungen auf dem Instrument. Befolgen Sie die Bedienungsanleitung für weitere Informationen, bevor Sie weitere Anschlüsse an das Instrument legen.

#### Verwenden Sie einen geeigneten Überspannungsschutz

Stellen Sie sicher, daß keinerlei Überspannung (wie z.B. durch Gewitter verursacht) das Gerät erreichen kann. Andernfallsbestehtfür den Anwender die GefahreinesStromschlages.

## Nicht ohne Abdeckung einschalten.

Betreiben Sie das Gerät nicht mit entfernten Gehäuse-Abdeckungen.

## Betreiben Sie das Gerät nicht geöffnet

Der Betrieb mit offenen oder entfernten Gehäuseteilen ist nicht zulässig. Nichts in entsprechende Öffnungen stecken (Lüfter z.B.)

#### Passende Sicherung verwenden

Setzen Sie nur die spezifikationsgemäßen Sicherungen ein.

#### Vermeiden Sie ungeschützte Verbindungen

Berühren Sie keine unisolierten Verbindungen oder Baugruppen, während das Gerät in Betrieb ist.

## Betreiben Sie das Gerät nicht im Fehlerfall

Wenn Sie am Gerät einen Defekt vermuten, sorgen Sie dafür, bevor Sie das Gerät wieder betreiben, dass eine Untersuchung durch qualifiziertes Kundendienstpersonal durchgeführt wird.Jedwede Wartung, Einstellarbeiten

oder Austausch von Teilen am Gerät, sowie am Zubehör dürfen nur von RIGOL autorisiertem Personal durchgeführt werden.

#### Belüftung sicherstellen

Unzureichende Belüftung kann zu Temperaturanstiegen und somit zu thermischen Schäden am Gerät führen. Stellen Sie deswegen die Belüftung sicher und kontrollieren regelmäßig Lüfter und Belüftungsöffnungen.

## Nicht in feuchter Umgebung betreiben

Zur Vermeidung von Kurzschluß im Geräteinneren und Stromschlag betreiben Sie das Gerät bitte niemals in feuchter Umgebung.

## Nicht in explosiver Atmosphäre betreiben

Zur Vermeidung von Personen- und Sachschäden ist es unumgänglich, das Gerät ausschließlich fernab jedweder explosiven Atmosphäre zu betreiben.

## Geräteoberflächen sauber und trocken halten

Um den Einfluß von Staub und Feuchtigkeit aus der Luft

auszuschließen, halten Sie bitte die Geräteoberflächen sauber und trocken.

#### Schutz gegen elektrostatische Entladung (ESD)

Sorgen Sie für eine elektrostatisch geschützte Umgebung, um somit Schäden und Funktionsstörungen durch ESD zu vermeiden. Erden Sie vor dem Anschluß immer Innen- und Außenleiter der Verbindungsleitung, um statische Aufladung zu entladen.

#### Die richtige Verwendung desAkku.

Wenneine Batterieverwendet wird, vermeiden Sie hohe Temperaturen bzw. Feuer ausgesetzt werden. Bewahren Sie es außerhalbder Reichweitevon Kindern auf. UnsachgemäßeÄnderung derBatterie (Anmerkung: Lithium-Batterie) kann zu einer Explosion führen. Verwenden Sie nur von RIGOLangegebenen Akkus.

#### **Sicherer Transport**

Transportieren Sie das Gerät sorgfältig (Verpackung!), um Schäden an Bedienelementen, Anschlüssen und anderen Teilen zu vermeiden.

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### Sicherheits Begriffe und Symbole

Begriffe in diesem Guide. Diese Begriffe können in diesem Handbuch auftauchen:



#### WARNING

Die Kennzeichnung WARNING beschreibt Gefahrenquellen die leibliche Schäden oder den Tod von Personen zur Folge haben können.



#### **CAUTION**

Die Kennzeichnung Caution (Vorsicht) beschreibt Gefahrenquellen die Schäden am Gerät hervorrufen können.

Begriffe auf dem Produkt. Diese Bedingungen können auf dem Produkt erscheinen:

**DANGER** weist auf eine Verletzung oder Gefährdung hin, die sofort

geschehen kann.

WARNING weist auf eine Verletzung oder Gefährdung hin, die möglicherweise

nicht sofort geschehen.

**CAUTION** bedeutet, dass eine mögliche Beschädigung des Instruments oder

anderer Gegenstände auftreten kann.

Symbole auf dem Produkt. Diese Symbole können auf dem Produkt erscheinen:











GefährlicheS pannung

Sicherheits-Hinweis

Schutz-erde

Gehäusemasse

**Erde** 

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## **General Care and Cleaning**

#### **General Care:**

Do not store or leave the instrument where it may be exposed to direct sunlight for long periods of time.

#### Cleaning:

Clean the instrument regularly. To clean the exterior surface, perform the following steps:

- 1. Disconnect the instrument from all power sources.
- Clean the loose dust on the outside of the instrument with a lint-free cloth (with a mild detergent or water). When cleaning the LCD, take care to avoid scratching it.



#### **CAUTION**

To avoid damage to the instrument, do not expose to caustic liquids.



#### WARNING

To avoid injury resulting from a short circuit, make sure the instrument is completely dry before reconnecting to a power source.

### **Environmental Considerations**

The following symbol indicates that this product complies with the applicable European Union requirements according to Directives 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) and batteries.



#### **Product End-of-Life Handling**

The equipment may contain substances that could be harmful to the environment or human health. In order to avoid release of such substances into the environment and harm to human health, we encourage you to recycle this product in an appropriate system that will ensure that most of the materials are reused or recycled appropriately. Please contact your local authorities for disposal or recycling information.

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#### M300 Overview

The M300 series data acquisition/switch system provides 5 slots to accept any combination of 10 kinds of plug-in modules, including a DMM module, multiple multiplexers, an actuator, a matrix switch module and a multifunction module. With its modular structure, it combines precision measurement capability with flexible signal connections and can provide versatile solutions for the applications that require multiple points or signals to be tested. This can be especially useful in product performance testing during the R&D phase, and automatic test during production process.

It comes with a 4.3 inch high-resolution color LCD, user-friendly interface design, easy-to-use keyboard layout as well as clear key backlight and operation prompts. The M300 is extremly flexible and easy to use. For remote control versatility, it comes with RS232, USB, LAN and GPIB interfaces standard.

#### Main Features:

- Up to 320 switch channels per mainframe (with very low cost per channel)
- Can run independently without PC
- USB data logging
- Interval scanning with storage of up to 100,000 time-stamped readings
- 10 modules supported
- 6½ digit DMM can be inserted into any slot. It also supports multiple measurement functions, including DCV, DCI, ACV, ACI, 2WR, 4WR, PERIOD, FREQ, TEMP (Thermocouple, Thermistor and RTD) and any sensor.
- Standard multiple communication interface: USB Device, USB Host, GPIB, LAN(LXI Core Device 2011) and RS232
- Standard SCPI commands for remote programming capability
- Math statistics function: AVG, MAX, MIN and SDEV
- Friendly interface
- Built-in help system
- Multiple system language
- 4.3 inch color LCD
- Powerful WebControl
- PC control and analysis software

#### **Document Overview**

#### Main topics in this manual:

#### Chapter 1 Quick Guide

This chapter introduces the front panel, rear panel, user interface and plug-in modules of the M300 as well as the precautions when using it for the first time.

#### **Chapter 2 Front Panel Operations**

This chapter introduces in details the front panel operation methods and functions of M300.

#### **Chapter 3 Remote Control**

This chapter introduces how to control the M300 remotely.

#### **Chapter 4 Troubleshooting**

This chapter introduces the commonly encountered failures and their solutions.

#### Chapter 5 Specifications

This chapter provides the performance specifications and general technical parameters of the M300.

#### **Chapter 6 Appendix**

This chapter provides the accessory list of the M300 as well as service and support information.

#### Format Conventions in this Manual:

#### 1. Key:

The front panel key is denoted by the format of "Text Box + Button Name (Bold)". For example, **Utility** denotes the **Utility** key.

#### 2. Menu:

The menu is denoted by the format of "Character Shading + Menu Word (Bold)". For example, **System** denotes the system menu item of the **Utility** function key.

#### 3. Operation Steps:

The next step of operation is denoted by an arrow " $\rightarrow$ ". For example, **Utility**  $\rightarrow$  **System** denotes pressing **Utility** at the front panel and then pressing **System**.

#### **User Manuals of This Product:**

The main user manuals of this product include the Quick Guide, User's Guide, Programming Guide and Data sheet. Users can download the desired manual from www.rigol.com.

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## **Chapter 1 Quick Guide**

This chapter guides users to quickly get familiar with the front/rear panels, user interface as well as the measurement connections of the M300.

#### Topics in this chapter:

- General Inspection
- Appearance and Dimensions
- Front Panel
- Rear Panel
- Power On and Inspection
- User Interface
- To Input Filename
- Plug-in Module Overview
- To Use the Built-in Help System
- Measurement Connections
- To Replace the Fuse
- Menu Quick Navigation

### **General Inspection**

#### 1. Inspect the shipping container for damage.

Keep the damaged shipping container or cushioning material until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has passed both electrical and mechanical tests.

The consigner or carrier shall be liable for the damage to instrument resulting from shipment. **RIGOL** would not be responsible for free maintenance/rework or replacement of the unit.

#### 2. Inspect the instrument.

In case of any damage, or defect, or failure, notify your **RIGOL** sales representative.

#### 3. Check the Accessories

Please check the accessories according to the packing lists. If the accessories are incomplete or damaged, please contact your **RIGOL** sales representative.

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Chapter 1 Quick Guide RIGOL

## **Appearance and Dimensions**

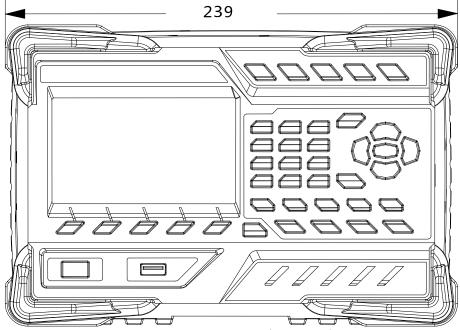
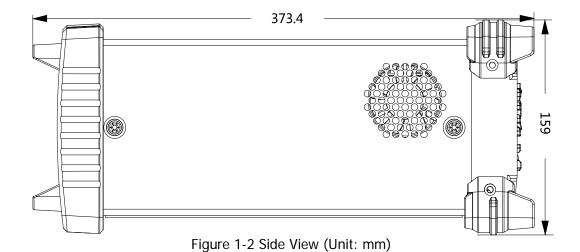


Figure 1-1 Front View (Unit: mm)



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#### Front Panel

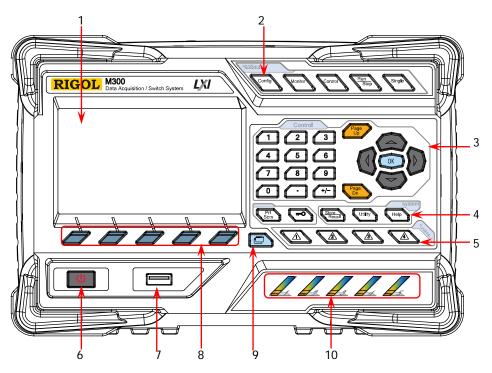


Figure 1-3 Front Panel of M300

#### 1 LCD

4.3 inches high-resolution color LCD displaying the menu, configuration guide, measurement parameters, system status and prompt messages.

#### 2 Function Keys



Configure the scan list and the measurement parameters of each channel.

- Create, edit, read and save the scan list.
- Set the number of scans, trigger mode and scan interval.
- Provide the channel configuration guide used to configure the measurement parameters, scaling parameters, alarm parameters and advanced measurement parameters of the channel.



Enable or disable the channel monitor function.

- Support single-channel, multi-channel and all-channel monitor functions.
- In single-channel monitor function, you can switch the channel monitored at any time.
- In multi-channel monitor function, you can monitor up to 7 channels in the scan list.

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 In all-channel monitor function, you can monitor all the channels in the scan list.



Control the modules currently inserted.

- Control the status of each channel of the modules.
- Reset the modules.
- Configure the DIO and TOT channels of multifunction module.
- Can not control the DMM module.



#### Auto Trigger/Stop

Press this key, the instrument triggers or enters the wait-for-trigger state and the backlight goes on. Press and hold this key, the instrument stops triggering or exits the wait-for-trigger state and the backlight goes off.

**Note:** this key is invalid when the scan list is empty.



#### Single-channel Switch

When the instrument is in the single-channel monitor interface, press this key to switch the channel monitored to the next channel in the scan list. When the instrument is in other interfaces, press this key to switch the instrument to the single-channel monitor interface.

#### 3 Control Keys



#### **Numeric Keyboard**

- Include numbers (0-9), decimal point (.) as well as positive/negative signs (+/-).
- Used to input parameter value, date and time.





Use this key to open the previous or next page of the current interface.

**Note:** these keys are different from the menu page up/down keys (**Page Up** and **Page Dn**).



Direction keys and confirmation key.

#### 4 System Keys



If a USB storage device is currently connected to the instrument, press this key to store the current content on the screen in USB storage device in \*.bmp format.



- When the instrument is in local mode, pressing this key can lock the front panel. At this point, all the keys at the front panel except this key become invalid. Press and hold this key to unlock the front panel.
- When the instrument is in remote mode, press this key to switch to local mode.



Store and recall the instrument status, measurement configuration and measurement data, etc.

- Store the file in the internal non-volatile memory or external USB storage device.
- Read the file stored.



Configure the system-related parameters.

- Set various parameters such as the time, date, system language and display brightness.
- Configure the remote interface parameters: RS232, LAN, GPIB and USB.
- Query the system information (such as the model and serial number).
- Execute self-test and view the information of each module (such as the name and model of the module).
- System update.



Enable the built-in help system. Provide Chinese/English help information for the front panel function keys and menu items.

### 5 Alarm Channel Setting



M300 provides 4 alarm channels. When an alarm is generated, the corresponding pin of the Alarms/Ext Trig interface (converted from the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface) at the rear panel outputs a pulse. You can press the corresponding key to set the output mode of the corresponding pin.

#### 6 Power Key



Press this key to turn on or off the instrument.

#### 7 USB Host



Via this interface, M300 can be as a host device and connected with an USB storage device to store or recall instrument status, measurement configuration, measurement data, etc.

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#### 8 Menu Softkeys

Correspond to the menus on the screen. Pressing any softkey can enable the corresponding menu.

#### 9 View Switch

View the scan history information, channel status table, measurement curve and channel information.

 Scan history information: view the start time, scan sweep, count, channel number as well as the corresponding function, maximum, minimum, average and standard deviation measured and the scan readings of each channel of the latest scan.



- Channel status table: display the current status of each channel.
- Measurement curve: display the measurement curve of the specified channel.
- Channel information: view the cycle count of each relay of the module, the alarm messages of the current scan (the first 100, including the reading and time when the alarm is generated) and error messages (up to 20).

**Note:** up to 100 alarm messages on each alarm channel can be logged in the alarm queue and the other alarm messages would be lost and up to 20 error messages can be logged in the error queue and the other error messages will also be lost.

#### 10 Module Indicators



Correspond to the 5 module slots at the rear panel respectively. The corresponding module indicator goes on when the module is inserted into the slot at the rear panel.

#### Rear Panel

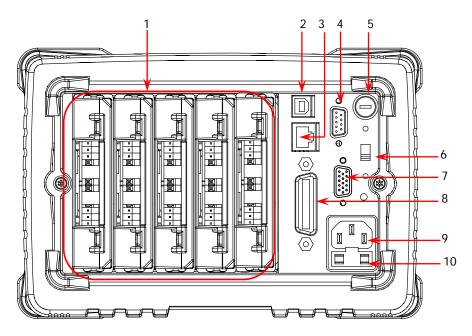


Figure 1-4 Rear Panel of M300

#### 1 Slots

The M300 provides 5 slots for 5 modules. Only one DMM module is permitted for one mainframe. The 5 slots from left to right in the figure above correspond to the 5 module indicators at the front panel respectively. When a module is inserted in the slot, the corresponding module indicator at the front panel goes on. Figure 1-4 is the schematic diagram of the rear panel without the modules inserted. For information of each module, refer to "Plug-in Module Overview".

#### 2 USB Device

Via this interface, M300 can communicate with the PC as a slave device and you can control it remotely via the PC.

#### 3 LAN

M300 conforms to the LXI Core Device 2011 instrument standard. The instrument can be connected to the network via this interface and you can control the instrument remotely via a PC in the same network.

#### 4 Analog Bus Interface (Female)

M300 provides two internal 2-wire analog buses for signal routing as well as an external interface (namely Analog Bus Interface). The analog bus interface is a 9-pin female interface.

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#### 5 DMM Module Power Fuse

The AC power supply from the power socket is divided into two paths with one for the DMM module and the other for other circuits except the DMM module. M300 is equipped with the DMM module power fuse (AC 250V T250 mA). To replace the fuse, refer to the method below.

- 1) Turn off the instrument and remove the power cord.
- Press down the fuse cover using a straight screw driver and rotate clockwise.
- 3) Disassemble the fuse cap and fuse.
- 4) Replace a specified fuse and install the fuse cap.



#### CAUTION

Please use the specified fuse to avoid electric shock and fire.

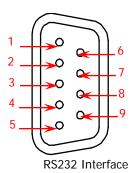
#### 6 Voltage Selector

M300 supports two kinds of AC voltages (115 V and 230 V). Please select the proper voltage scale according to the AC power used.

#### 7 [RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig] Mixed Interface (Male)

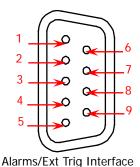
This interface is 25-pin male interface. You can convert this interface into two 9-pin interfaces using the Mixed Interface Convert Cable (accessory). This breakout cable consists of a 9-pin male interface used as a standard RS232 interface and another a 9-pin female interface used for alarm output, external trigger signal input, etc.

• RS232: via this interface, M300 can communicate with the PC and you can control the instrument remotely via the PC.



Pin	Name	Definition
1		
2	RXD	Received Data
3	TXD	Transmitted Data
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	SGND	Signal Ground
6	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	Request To Send
8	CTS	Clear To Send
9		

 Alarms/Ext Trig: as shown in the figure below, pin 1 to pin 4 are used to output TTL pulse when an alarm is generated in the corresponding alarm channel. Pin 6 is used to receive external trigger signal. When an external digital multimeter is connected for measurement, pin 5 and pin 6 are used together to control the measurement.



Pin	Definition
1	Alarm 1 Output
2	Alarm 2 Output
3	Alarm 3 Output
4	Alarm 4 Output
5	Channel Closed Output
6	Ext Trig Input/Channel Advance Input
7	GND
8	Not Used
9	Not Used

#### Note:

The Pin 5 outputs a TTL negative pulse with about 2µs pulse width each time the measurement is completed. The output rate is dependent upon the actual measurement rate. The maximum output rate is 2500 times per second.

In external trigger mode, Pin 6 accepts external trigger signal. The trigger can have a pulse width equal to or greater than  $2\mu s$  with specified edge. To configure, press **Config**, select "External" trigger mode and select "Rising" or "Falling" in **Edge** item. If the external trigger signal is continuous pulse, please make sure the pulse period is larger than  $100\mu s$ .

#### 8 GPIB

The M300 conforms to the IEEE-488.2 standard. Via this interface, the M300 can be controlled remotely via a PC with a GPIB interface.

#### 9 Power Socket

The M300 can accept two kinds of AC power supplies. Use the power cord provided in the accessories to connect the AC power supply to the instrument via this socket.



#### CAUTION

Before connecting the AC power supply, select the correct voltage scale using the **voltage selector**.

#### 10 Power Fuse

The specification of the fuse of M300 is AC 250V T3.15 A. If a new fuse is required, please refer to "**To Replace the Fuse**".



#### **CAUTION**

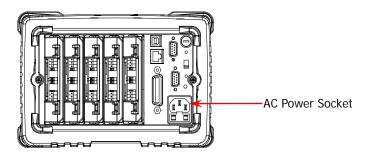
Please use the specified power fuse and make sure that the fuse seat is not short-circuited to avoid electric shock and fire.

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### **Power On and Inspection**

#### 1 Connect the power

- (1) Adjust the power voltage selector at the rear panel according to the power supply voltage. M300 supports two types of AC power. If your supply voltage is in the range of 115\*(1-10%) V and 115\*(1+10%) V, please select 115 and if it is in the range of 230\*(1-10%) V and 230\*(1+10%) V, please select 230.
- (2) Connect the instrument to AC power using the power cord provided in the accessories.



#### 2 Start the instrument

Press the power key at the front panel and the instrument starts.

After the instrument starts, it checks the modules. This process would take several to dozens of seconds according to the number of modules inserted. During this process, user operation is forbidden.

## 3 Check the instrument following the steps below if the instrument does not start normally

- 1) Check whether the power is correctly connected.
- 2) Check whether the power key at the front panel is really on.
- 3) Check whether the power fuse is burned out. If the fuse needs to be changed, use the specified fuse.
- 4) Check whether the correct power voltage is selected. Please select the proper power voltage according to the power supply voltage.
- 5) Restart the instrument after finishing the above inspections. If it still does not work correctly, please contact **RIGOL**.

#### **User Interface**



Figure 1-5 User Interface

#### 1. Status Bar

Help Displayed when the built-in help is enabled.

Error Displayed when an error occurs.

Displayed when the keyboard is locked.

Displayed when an alarm is generated.

Displayed when the system sound is disabled.

Displayed when the instrument is connected to a network correctly.

Displayed when an USB storage device is detected.

Local Displayed when the instrument is in local mode.

Rmt Displayed when the instrument is in remote mode.

#### 2. Content Area

Display the measurement configuration guide, measurement parameters settings, etc. For more detailed information, please refer to the User's Guide.

#### 3. Menu Bar

Display the menus of the current function corresponding to the menu softkeys below respectively. Pressing the softkey can activate the corresponding menu.

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### To Input Filename

M300 supports filenames consisting of Chinese characters, English letters and numbers. The length of the filename can not exceed 12 bytes. The filename input interface is as shown in the figure below.



Figure 1-6 Filename Input Interface

#### 1 Input Mode Icon/Chinese Character Selecting Area

Display the icon of the input mode currently selected.

- Chinese input mode: display 拼音
- English uppercase input mode: display ABC
- English lowercase input mode: display abc

In additional, in Chinese input mode, this area displays Chinese characters for selection. Use the numberic keyboard to input the number corresponding to the Chinese character to input the desired Chinese character.

#### 2 Filename Input Area

Display the letter entered. You can use the left/right direction keys to select the desired letter to edit.

#### 3 Letter Selecting Area

Use the direction keys to select desired letter and press **OK**.

#### 4 Switch the Input Mode

Press **Ch/A/a** to switch the input mode to Chinese, English uppercase or English lowercase.

- Chinese: can input Chinese characters and number (from 0 to 9) and 拼音 is displayed in the "Input Mode Icon Area".
- English uppercase: can input English uppercase letters (from A to Z) and number (from 0 to 9) and ABC is displayed in the "Input Mode Icon Area".
- English lowercase: can input English lowercase letters (from a to z) and number (from 0 to 9) and labc is displayed in the "Input Mode Icon Area".

#### 5 Switch the Cursor

Press **Cursor** to switch the cursor to select "Filename Input Area", "Letter Selecting Area" or "Chinese Character Selecting Area" (only available in Chinese input mode).

- When "Filename Input Area" is selected, you can use left/right direction keys to select desired letter to edit.
- When "Letter Selecting Area" is selected, use the direction keys to select desired letter and press OK. At this point, letters in "Filename Input Area" or "Chinese Character Selecting Area" varies.
- In Chinese input mode, when "Chinese Character Selecting Area" is selected, you can use the up/down direction keys to open the previous or next page of "Chinese Character Selecting Area" and use the numberic keyboard to input the number corresponding to the Chinese character to input the desired Chinese character.

#### 6 Delete

Press this softkey to delete the letter selected by the cursor in "Filename Input Area".

#### 7 OK

Press this softkey to use the letters displayed in "Filename Input Area" as the filename.

#### 8 Return

Press this softkey to cancel inputting filename and return to the previous menu.

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### **Plug-in Module Overview**

The M300 provides 10 kinds of modules. These include a DMM module, 32-channel multiplexer, 64-channel multiplexer, multi-function module, etc. This section introduces the functions and characteristics of each module.

### **Outside View Drawing of the Module**

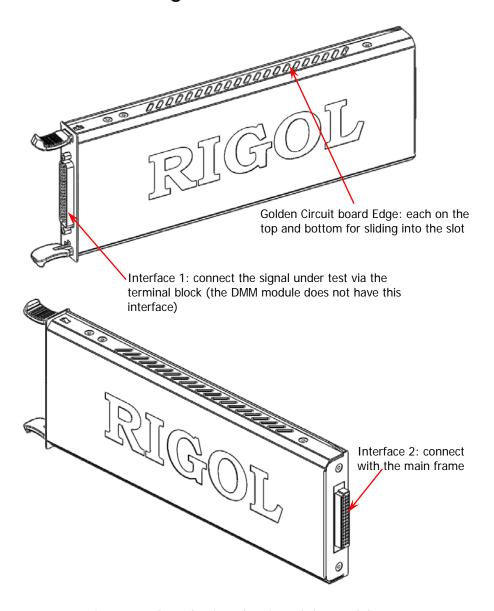


Figure 1-7 Outside view drawing of the module

#### Insert the Module into the Mainframe

Please turn the mainframe off and insert the modules following the instructions below.

As shown in Figure 1-7, there is a golden circuit board edge both on the top and bottom of the module. Aim the two edges with the sliding chutes (as pointed out by the arrows in the figure below) into the main frame slot and push the module in until you hear a sound. At this point, interface 2 is connected to the main frame.

**Note:** please refer to "**Measurement Connections**" to connect the external terminal block and the signals to be measured and then insert it into the mainframe.

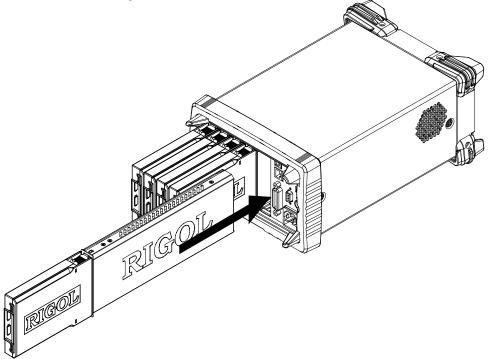


Figure 1-8 Insert the Module into the Mainframe

#### Note:

All the modules of the M300 do not support hot-plugging. Please turn the mainframe off before inserting the modules into the mainframe.

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#### **Module Overview**

#### MC3065 (DMM Module):

The DMM module is used to measure the signals under test and has 6½ digit reading resolution. The measurement functions include DCV, ACV, 2-wire resistance, 4-wire resistance, frequency, period, temperature and any sensor.

**Note:** After connecting the DMM module, make sure that the signal under test connected to the analog bus is no greater than 300 Vdc or 300 Vrms.

#### MC3132 (32-Channel Multiplexer):

All 32 channels switch both HI and LO inputs, thus providing fully isolated inputs to the DMM module. MC3132 is divided into two banks (called A and B) of 16 two-wire channels each. When making 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument automatically pairs channels of A bank and B bank. All channels are break-before-make. You can close multiple channels on this module only if you have not configured any channel to be part of the scan list. This module can be connected with MC3065 (DMM Module, if MC3065 is currently inserted). For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3164 (64-Channel Single-Ended Multiplexer):

All 64 channels can switch the HI input only. MC3164 is divided into two banks (A and B) of 32 single-ended channels each. All channels are break-before-make. In any case, you cannot close multiple channels on this module. This module can be connected with MC3065 (DMM Module, if MC3065 is currently inserted) but cannot be used for 4-wire resistance measurement. For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3232 (32-Channel Reed Multiplexer):

The MC3232 is applicable to high-speed scan and high-throughput auto test applications. All 32 channels can switch both HI and LO inputs, thus providing fully isolated inputs to the DMM module. MC3232 is divided into two banks (A and B) of 16 two-wire channels. When making 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument automatically pairs channels of A bank and B bank. All channels are break-before-make. You can close multiple channels on this module only if you have not configured any channel to be part of the scan list. This module can be connected with MC3065 (DMM Module, if MC3065 is currently inserted). For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3264 (64-Channel Single-Ended Reed Multiplexer):

The MC3264 is applicable to high-speed scan and high-throughput auto test applications. All 64 channels can switch HI input only. MC3264 is divided into two

banks (A and B) of 32 single-ended channels each. All channels are break-before-make. In any case, you cannot close multiple channels on this module. This module can be connected with MC3065 (DMM Module, if MC3065 is currently inserted) but cannot be used for 4-wire resistance measurement. For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3324 (24-Channel Multiplexer):

The MC3324 is a mixed multiplexer with 20 voltage channels and 4 current channels. All 20 voltage channels switch both HI and LO inputs, thus providing fully isolated inputs to the DMM module, and is divided into two banks (called A and B) of 10 two-wire channels each. When making 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument automatically pairs channels of A bank and B bank. All channels are break-before-make. You can close multiple channels on this module only if you have not configured any channel to be part of the scan list.

4 current channels are used in combination with the DMM module to measure DC current or AC current. All channels are break-before-make. In any case, you cannot close multiple channels on this module. This module can be connected with MC3065 (DMM Module, if MC3065 is currently inserted). For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3416 (16-Channel Actuator):

The MC3416 can connect signals to the device under test or enable external devices. Any of the 16 channels can switch to Normally-Open (NO) and Normally-Closed (NC) states. For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3534 (Multifunction Module):

This module provides 3 kinds of functions with 4 channels for each function. This module can be used to check status or control external devices (such as solenoid, power relays and microwave switches). You can also read digital inputs and the totalizer count during a scan.

- Four 8-bit digital input/output (DIO) ports
- 4 totalizer (TOT) input terminals (the first two channels are 10 MHz TOT and the other two channels are 100 kHz TOT) with 1 Vpp sensitivity
- ullet 4 analog output terminals,  $\pm 12$  V calibrated voltage For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

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#### MC3648 (4×8 Matrix Switch):

The MC3648 is used to connect multiple devices to multiple points on the device under test. You can connect the rows and columns of multiple matrix switches to form relatively larger matrix (such as  $8\times8$  and  $4\times16$ , the number of crosspoints cannot exceed 160).

32 two-wire cross points which can connect any combination of inputs and outputs at the same time. For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

#### MC3724 (Dual 4-Channel RF Multiplexers):

The MC3724 consists of two independent 4-to-1 multiplexers and can switch high frequency signal or pulse signal. For the specifications of this module, please refer to the User's Guide or Data Sheet of this product.

### To Use the Built-in Help System

The built-in help system of M300 provides the help information about any front panel key and menu. To acquire the help information of any front panel key or menu, press Help (the backlight goes on and "Help" is displayed in the status bar in the user interface) and then press the desired key. The built-in help interface is as shown in the figure below. Press **OK** to exit.



Figure 1-9 Built-in Help System

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## **Measurement Connections**

# **Using External Terminal Blocks**

M300 provides 6 kinds of terminal blocks to easily connect the signal to be measured to the module. The models of the terminal blocks and corresponding modules are listed in the table below. This section introduces how to use the external block.

	Terminal Block	Module
1	TB32	MC3132, MC3232
2	TB64	MC3164, MC3264
3	TB24	MC3324
4	TB48	MC3648
5	TB16	MC3416
6	TB34	MC3534

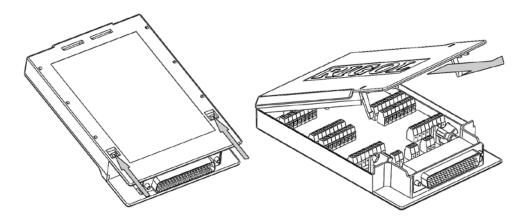
**Note:** for the MC3724, the signal can be connected to the SMB connectors on the module directly. No terminal block is needed.



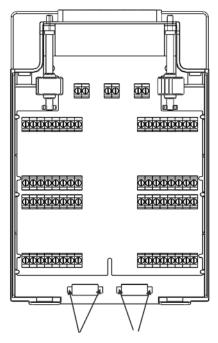
#### WARNING

Cut off all the power supplies before opening the terminal block or removing the terminal block from the module.

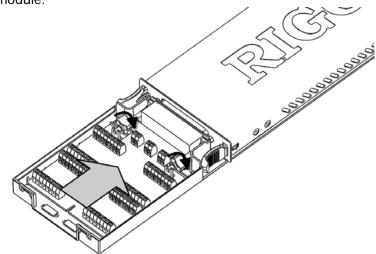
1. Place the terminal block with the front (with the **RIGOL** caption) facing downward and pull the two latches in the arrow direction in the figure below and press them down. Place the terminal block with the front facing upward and pull the upper cover of the terminal block upward and remove it.



Connect the cables for connecting the signal under test according to the labels
on the circuit board of the terminal block (for the connecting method, refer to
Table 1-1). Pass the binding wires through the two groups of holes as pointed
out by the arrows in the figure below to fix the cable connected. Pay attention to
the channel or terminal connected to the cable to ensure that the signal
connected is correct.

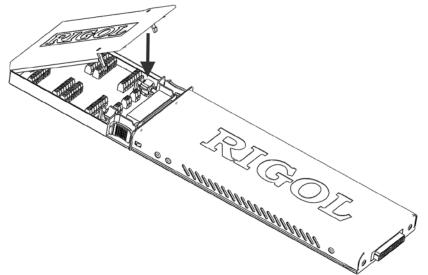


3. Connect the terminal block to the module via interface 1 (the interface definition is in Figure 1-7) on the module and screw down the two screw rods onto the nuts on the module.

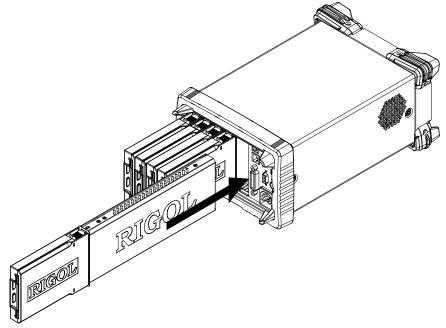


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4. Close the upper cover of the terminal block.



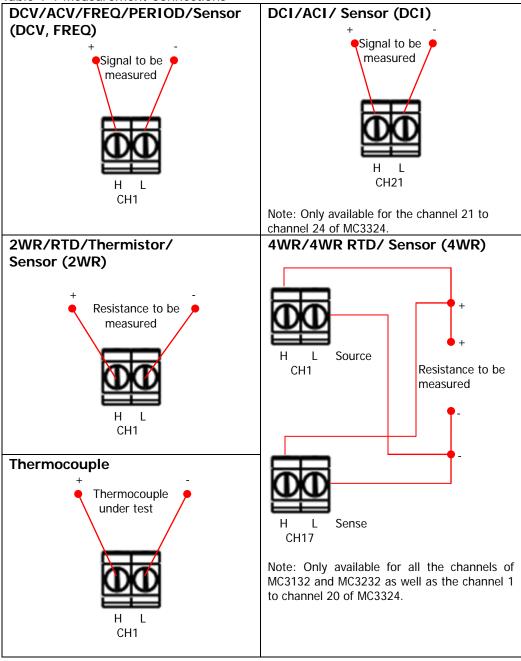
5. Insert the module with the terminal block into the slot of the mainframe.



# To Connect the Signal to be Measured

The signals to be measured are connected to the plug-in modules via the external terminal blocks. The connection methods of standard signals are listed in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1 Measurement Connections





### WARNING

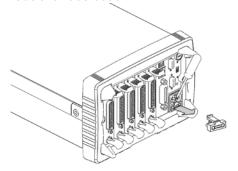
To avoid electric shock, the connecting wire should meet the maximum curent requirement. To avoid damaging the module, make sure that all the input signals are within the rated input range.

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# To Replace the Fuse

If a new fuse is required, please refer to the following steps.

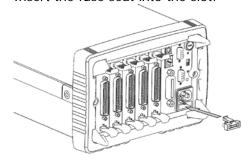
- 1 Turn off the instrument and remove the power cord.
- 2 Insert the small straight screw driver into the slot at the power socket and pry out the fuse seat.



- 3 Select a proper voltage through the voltage selector.
- 4 Replace a specified fuse.



5 Insert the fuse seat into the slot.



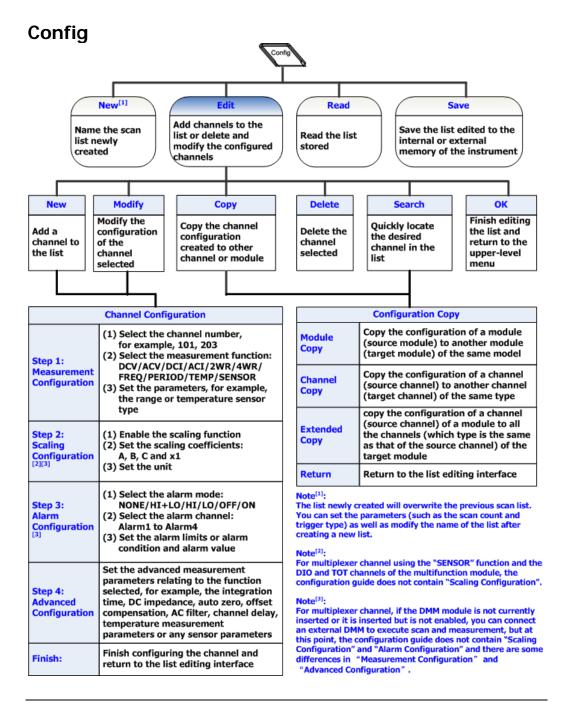


### **CAUTION**

Please use the specified power fuse and make sure that the fuse seat is not short-circuited to avoid electric shock and fire.

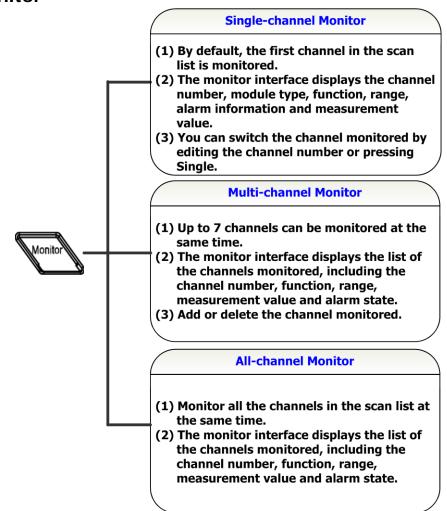
# **Menu Quick Navigation**

This section provides the structures of the main menus for M300 to guide users to quickly get familiar with the operations. For more detailed information, please refer to "Front Panel Operations".

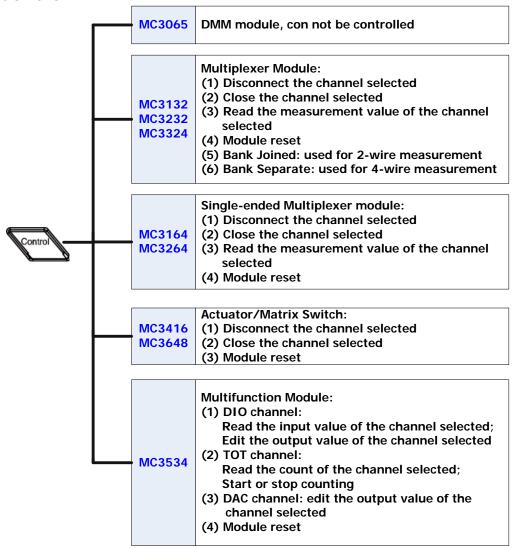


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## **Monitor**



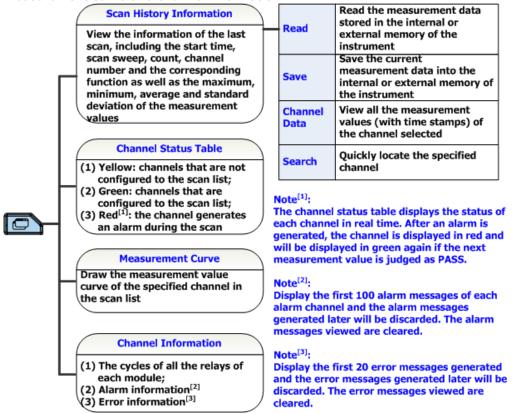
## Control



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# **View Switch Key**

Press repeatedly to view the scan history information, channel status table, measurement curve and channel information.



# **Alarm Channel Setting Keys**



## **Alarm Channel Setting**

- (1) Set the output mode of the corresponding pin to "Latch" or "Track" when an alarm is generated.
- (2) Set the output status of the corresponding pin to "High" or "Low" when an alarm is generated.
- (3) Display the numbers of channels that select the current alarm channel.
- (4) Clear the alarm output of the corresponding pin.

  The Alarm data is not cleared.

# **Chapter 2 Front Panel Operations**

This chapter introduces in details the front panel operation methods and functions of M300.

Topics in this chapter:

- Scan Configuration
- Channel Monitor
- Module Control
- Alarm Channel Setting
- View Switch
- Store and Recall
- Utility

# Scan Configuration

Press **Config** at the front panel to configure M300 to create a scan (create and edit the scan list and configure the parameters of each channel). During the scan, each time the DMM module is connected to one channel in the scan list and executes a measurement according to the channel configuration.

## Scan List

Create a scan list, add any channels of the multiplexer or the DIO or TOT channels of the multifunction module to the scan list and configure the basic measurement, scaling, alarm and advanced measurement parameters for each channel. The edited scan list can be stored in internal or external memory and be recalled when required.

#### To Create a New List

The instrument enters the scan list configuration interface when you start the M300 or press **Config**. You can set the scan parameters (such as sweep count, tigger mode) as well as create, edit, recall and save the scan list.

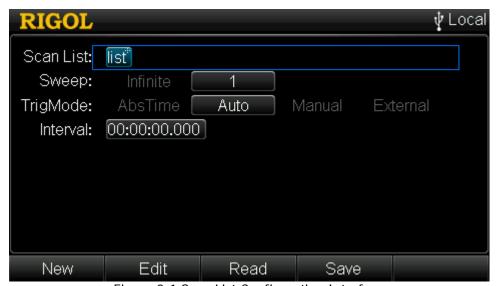


Figure 2-1 Scan List Configuration Interface

#### 1 To Create Scan List

Press **New** to create a new scan list and enter the filename input interface. At this point, you can input the desired list name by referring to "**To Input Filename**" and press **OK**. The scan list name can consist of Chinese characters, English uppercase/lowercase letters and numbers and can not exceed 12 bytes

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(each English letter or number occupies 1 byte and each Chinese character occupies 2 bytes).

To modify the name of the scan list created, please select **Scan List** firstly and press **OK** to enter the filename input interface.

## 2 Sweep Count

Select **Sweep** using the up/down direction keys and select "Infinite" or "1" (you need to set a value) using the left/right direction keys.

- Infinite: execute continuous scan. You can press and hold **Run/Stop** to stop the scan.
- Number of Scans: you can use the numeric keyboard to set a value. The range is from 1 to 50000. After executing the specified number of scans, the instrument stops scanning automatically.

## 3 Trigger Mode

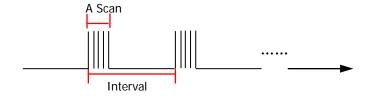
Select **TrigMode** using the up/down direction keys and select "Auto", "Manual", "External", "AbsTime" or "Alarm" using the left/right direction keys.

- Auto: the instrument executes infinite scan or the specified number of scans at the specified interval automatically.
- Manual: the instrument executes a scan when you press Run/Stop.
- External: the instrument executes a scan when the external trigger signal input interface receives a TTL trigger pulse.
- AbsTime: the instrument executes a scan when the system time reaches the specified time.
- Alarm: the instrument executes a scan when an alarm is generated from the specified alarm channel.

For details of the trigger mode, refer to "Trigger Mode".

#### 4 Interval

Interval is defined as the time interval between the start of a scan to the start of the next scan in auto scan mode as shown in the figure below. When the trigger mode is "Auto", select **Interval** using the up/down direction keys and use the numeric keyboard to set a desired interval. The range is from 00:00:00.000 to 99:59:59.999 (the time format is Hour:Minute:Second.Millisecond) and the default is 00:00:00.000.



#### 5 Advanced Source

This setting is only available when an external digital multimeter is used. The advanced source provides the advanced channel signal. When receiving the advanced channel signal, the instrument disconnects the channel currently selected and closes the next channel in the scan list.

When the trigger mode is "Auto", "External", "Alarm" or "AbsTime", use the up/down direction keys to select **Adv Src** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired advanced source.

#### Auto:

After finishing measuring the current channel, the current channel is disconnected and the next channel in the list is closed automatically.

#### Single:

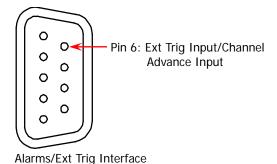
After finished measuring the current channel, the unit will wait for user input before moving to the next channel in the list. Channel advancement is performed by pressing **Single** to disconnect the current channel and close the next channel.

In high speed mode, users can select "Single" but the operation will be invalid.

#### • Fxternal:

The scan will advance after receiving a trigger on the external advanced channel signal. This signal is input from pin 6 of the Alarm/Ext Trig interface (converted from the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface). After "External" is selected, you need to select the edge type of the input signal (use the up/down direction keys to select **Input Edge** and use the left/right direction keys to select "Rising" or "Falling").

As the "External" advanced source input and the external trigger input use the same pin, the external trigger mode does not support "External" advanced source.



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#### 6 Absolute Time

Absolute time is defined as the time when the instrument executes the scan in absolute time scan mode. When the trigger mode is "AbsTime", select **AbsTime** using the up/down direction keys and set the desired time using the numeric keyboard. The time format is "Month-Date Hour:Minute:Second". You need to set a valid time. The ranges of the parameters are as follows.

Month: 01 to 12

Date: 01 to 31, 30, 29 or 28

Hour: 00 to 23 Minute: 00 to 59 Second: 00 to 59

The instrument can also ignore some time parameters and trigger when the system time fulfills some of the parameters. Use "." on the numeric keyboard to set the parameters to be ignored and the corresponding position will display "\*\*". For example, set the instrument to ignore the "Month" and "Date" and trigger at 8:00 every day; use the numeric keyboard to set the absolute time to "\*\*-\*\* 08:00:00".

#### 7 Alarm Channel

When the trigger mode is set to "Alarm", select **Channel** using the up/down direction keys and set the alarm channel to "Alarm1", "Alarm2", "Alarm3" or "Alarm4" using the left/right direction keys. The instrument executes a scan when an alarm is generated from the channel selected.

## 8 Trigger Edge Type

When the trigger mode is "External", select **Edge** using the up/down direction keys and select "Rising" or "Falling" using the left/right direction keys. The instrument executes a scan when a TTL trigger pulse with specified edge is received by the external trigger signal input terminal.

#### To Edit the List

Press **Config**→**Edit** to enter the scan list editing interface.



Figure 2-2 Scan List Editing Interface

#### 1 New

Create a new channel configuration. Press this softkey to enter the channel configuration guide. Finish all the configurations according to the introductions in "Channel Configuration" and press **Done** to return to the scan list editing interface.

## 2 Copy

Copy the channel configuration created to other channel or module. For details, refer to the introduction in "Configuration Copy".

#### 3 Modify

Modify the channel configuration created. Select the desired channel using the direction keys and press **Modify** to open the configuration guide of the corresponding channel. At this point, you can modify the configuration of this channel and after the modification is finished, press **Done** to return to the scan list editing interface.

**Note:** the channel in **Chan No.** can only be modified to the channels in the scan list.

#### 4 Delete

Delete a channel configuration created. Select the channel to be deleted using the direction keys and press **Delete** to delete the corresponding channel.

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#### 5 Search

When a great number of channels are added into the scan list, you can press  $Page Dn \rightarrow Search$ , use the numeric keyboard to input the desired channel number and then press OK to quickly locate this channel. You can copy, modify or delete the channel configuration located.

#### To Save the List

The M300 allows users to save the configured scan list in internal or external memory as measurement configuration file.

Press Config → Save to enter the store and recall interface (the file type is automatically set to "Measurement configuration"). Select the desired directory according to the method introduced in "Store and Recall" and then press Save to enter the filename input interface. Input the specified filename to save the current scan list.

You can read the scan list stored as well as modify its configuration and save it again.

#### To Read the List

The M300 allows users to read the scan list stored. Press **Config** → **Read** to enter the store and recall interface (the file type is set to "Measurement Configuration" automatically). Select and read the desired file according to the method introduced in "**Store and Recall**".

You can modify the configuration of the scan list read and save it again.

## **Trigger Mode**

The M300 provides 5 trigger modes including auto trigger, manual trigger, external trigger, absolute time trigger and alarm trigger.

## **Auto Trigger**

In auto trigger mode, the scan rate is determined by the specified interval. If the time required for a complete scan of the scan list is greater than the specified interval, the instrument will execute a continuous scan at the fastest possible rate (no error message will be generated).

The range of the interval is from 0 ms to 99:59:59.999 hours (the time format is "Hour:Minute:Second.Millisecond") and the resolution is 1 ms.

If the number of scans is set to "Infinite", press **Run/Stop** at the front panel and the instrument executes a continuous scan automatically at the specified interval. You can press and hold the key to stop the scan.

If the number of scans is a specific value (1 to 50000), press **Run/Stop** at the front panel and the instrument executes the specified number of scans at the specified interval and then stops automatically.

During the scan, the instrument stores the measurement data, scaling data and alarm data in the non-volatile memory automatically. You can press at the front panel to view the history measurement data (including the maximum, minimum, average and standard deviation).

# **Manual Trigger**

In manual trigger mode, after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument executes a scan and then enters the wait-for-trigger state. After that, the instrument triggers each time you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel.

If the number of scans is set to "Infinite", after each trigger is finished, the instrument will always stay in wait-for-trigger state. You can press and hold the key to stop the scan and the instrument will exit the wait-for-trigger state.

If the number of scans is set to a specific value (1 to 50000), after the trigger is finished, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state. The instrument will exit the wait-for-trigger state when the number of triggers reaches the preset value.

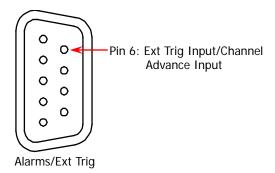
During the scan, the instrument stores the measurement data, scaling data and

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alarm data in the non-volatile memory automatically. You can press at the front panel to view the history measurement data (including the maximum, minimum, average and standard deviation).

## **External Trigger**

To use the external trigger mode, first use the mixed-interface separator line (accessory) to convert the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface at the rear panel to two 9-pin interfaces. Wherein, the 9-pin male interface is a standard RS232 interface and the 9-pin female interface is used for alarm output, external trigger signal input (pin 6, as shown in the figure below) and so on. Secondly, you need to select the edge type (rising or falling) for the external trigger signal. In external trigger mode, the instrument initialize a trigger when a trigger signal met the conditions is received by the Ext Tig Input terminal.



In external trigger mode, if the number of scans is set to "Infinite", after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state and then executes a scan each time an external trigger signal is received. Press and hold **Run/Stop** and the instrument will exit the wait-for-trigger state.

If the number of scans is a specific value, after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state and then the instrument executes a scan each time an external trigger signal is received. After executing the specified number of external triggers, the instrument exits the wait-for-trigger state.

During the scan, the instrument stores the measurement data, scaling data and alarm data in the non-volatile memory automatically.

## **Absolute Time Trigger**

To use the absolute time trigger mode, set an accurate system time for the instrument by referring to "**Date**" and "**Time**". Then select absolute time trigger mode and set a time. The instrument executes a scan when the system time reaches the specified time. If the system time reaches the next specified time point when the instrument is in a scan, the instrument will ignore the new trigger and continue with the current scan.

The absolute time format is "Month-Date Hour:Minute:Second". You need to set a valid time. The ranges of the parameters are as follows.

Month: 01 to 12

Date: 01 to 31, 30, 29 or 28

Hour: 00 to 23 Minute: 00 to 59 Second: 00 to 59

The instrument can also ignore some time parameters and trigger when the system time fulfills some of the parameters. Use "." on the numeric keyboard to set the parameters to be ignored and the corresponding position will display "\*\*". For example, to set the instrument to ignore the "Month" and "Date" and trigger at 8:00 every day, use the numeric keyboard to set the absolute time to "\*\*-\*\* 08:00:00". When parameters in "Month-Date Hour:Minute:Second" are all ignored, it is similar to auto trigger mode.

In absolute time trigger mode, if the number of scans is set to "Infinite", after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state and then executes a scan each time the system time reaches the specified time. Press and hold **Run/Stop** and the instrument will exit the wait-for-trigger state.

If the number of scans is a specific value, after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state and then executes a scan each time the system time reaches the specified time. After executing the specified number of absolute time triggers, the instrument exits the wait-for-trigger state.

During the scan, the instrument stores the measurement data, scaling data and alarm data in the non-volatile memory automatically.

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## **Alarm Trigger**

To use the alarm trigger mode, configure the alarm by referring to "Alarm Configuration" and select alarm trigger mode, then select an alarm channel. The instrument executes a scan when an alarm is generated in the specified alarm channel.

In alarm trigger mode, if the number of scans is set to "Infinite", after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state. Then the instrument executes a scan when an alarm is generated in the specified alarm channel. Press and hold **Run/Stop** and the instrument will exit the wait-for-trigger state.

If the number of scans is a specific value, after you press **Run/Stop** at the front panel, the instrument enters the wait-for-trigger state. Then the instrument executes a scan when an alarm is generated in the specified alarm channel. After executing the specified number of alarm triggers, the instrument exits the wait-for-trigger state.

During the scan, the instrument stores the measurement data, scaling data and alarm data in the non-volatile memory automatically.

## **Explanation:**

The instrument triggers a scan when the trigger condition is met and scans the channels in the scan list in ascending order (from slot 1 to slot 5) automatically. Operations on any channels of the module of which the channel is in the scan list are forbidden. You can press and hold **Run/Stop** at the front panel to stop the scan but after the scan has stopped, it cannot be resumed. When a new scan is executed, all the readings in the memory will be cleared.

# **Channel Configuration**

After creating a new scan list and configuring proper parameters (such as the scan sweep and trigger mode), you need to add channels into the scan list and configure the measurement, scaling, alarm and advanced parameters of the channels. The M300 provides special channel configuration guide for you to easily finish the channel configuration.

The flow diagram of the channel configuration guide is as shown in the figure below.

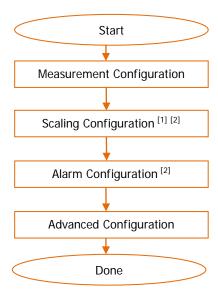


Figure 2-3 Flow Diagram of Configuration Guide

**Note**<sup>[1]</sup>: for multiplexer channels using the "SENSOR" function or the DIO channels and TOT channels of the multifunction module, the configuration guide does not contain "Scaling Configuration".

**Note** [22]: for the multiplexer channels, if the DMM module is not inserted or it is inserted but is not enabled, you can connect an external DMM for scan and measurement. At this point, the configuration guide does not contain "Scaling Configuration" and "Alarm Configuration" and there are some differences in "Measurement Configuration" and "Advanced Configuration".

Press Config > Edit > New to enter the channel configuration guide. After finishing all the configurations, press Done.

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## **Measurement Configuration**

The first step in the channel configuration guide: select the channel number, select the measurement function of the specified channel and configure the basic measurement parameters of the selected function.

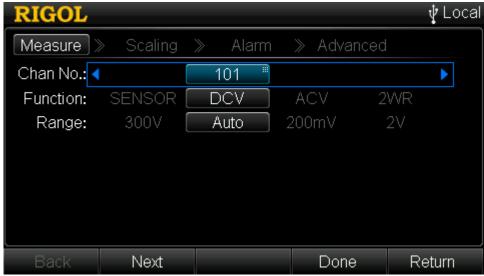
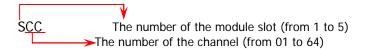


Figure 2-4 Measurement Configuration

#### 1 Channel Number

Select the desired channel number. Generally, the channel number is a 3-digit number where the first digit (from the left) denotes **the number of the module slot** and the other two digits denote **the number of the channel**.



The channels available include all the channels of the multiplexer (S01 to S32/S64/S24), the DIO (S01 to S04) and TOT (S05 to S08) channels of the multifunction module.

After entering the channel configuration guide, **Chan No.** is selected by default. At this point, you can use the left/right direction keys to modify the channel number or the numeric keyboard to input the channel number.

## **Explanation:**

If you want to configure the channel of the multiplexer (MC3132, MC3164, MC3232 and MC3264), add it to the scan list and use it for measurement, you need to first insert and enable the DMM module ( $\boxed{\text{Utility}} \rightarrow \text{DMM} \rightarrow \text{"ON"}$ ) or connect an external digital multimeter.

### 2 Function

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Function** and the left/right direction keys to select the desired measurement function.

If the current channel is the voltage channel of the multiplexer, the measurement functions available include DCV, ACV, 2WR, 4WR (single-ended multiplexer does not have this function), FREQ, PERIOD, TEMP and SENSOR. If the channel is current channel (only for MC3324), the measurement functions available include DCI, ACV and SENSOR. After selecting the desired measurement function, please configure the basic measurement parameters for the function selected by referring to "Measurement Parameter Configuration" and press Next to configure the scaling or alarm parameters.

If the current channel is the DIO channel of the multifunction module, **Function** is fixed at "DIO". Please refer to "**Digital Input**" to set the basic parameters and press **Next** to configure the alarm parameters.

If the current channel is the TOT channel of the multifunction module, **Function** is fixed at "TOT". Please refer to "**Totalizer**" to set the basic parameters and press **Next** to configure the alarm parameters.

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## **Scaling Configuration**

The second step of the channel configuration guide: configure the scaling parameters.



Figure 2-5 Scaling Configuration

**Note:** for multiplexer channels that are using the "SENSOR" function and the DIO and TOT channels of the multifunction module, the configuration guide does not contain scaling configuration. Also note that the multiplexer channels that are not using the DMM module, the configuration guide also does not contain "Scaling Configuration".

The M300 provides a scaling function. This function has three scaling coefficients (A, B and C) for all the readings of the channel selected. The formula for the scaling function is as follows.

Scaling Reading = 
$$A \times (x-x1)^2 + B \times (x-x1) + C$$

Wherein, x is the reading measured. x1 is the correction value (can be a reading measured at certain time or a value defined by user). Substracting x1 from all readings can correct the zero point of the fitting curve.

You can configure the scaling function for all the multiplexer channels (except channels using the "SENSOR" function or when external DMM is connected). Before applying the scaling function, you must configure the measurement parameters of the channel. After applying the scaling function, if the measurement function is modified, the scaling function will be disabled and the scaling coefficients will be reset.

If the channel using the scaling function is removed from the scan list, the scaling function of the channel will be disabled but the scaling coefficients will not be reset. When the channel is added into the scan list again (without changing the measurement function), the scaling function will be enabled and the scaling coefficients remain unchanged.

For a channel using the scaling function, when it is in single-channel monitor, all the measurement readings are scaling readings.

## 1 Enable Scaling Configuration

Enter the scaling configuration interface and **Scaling** is selected by default. You can use the left/right direction keys to select "ON". At this point, the fitting function, coefficients and unit are displayed on the interface.

## 2 Set the Fitting Function Coefficients

Use the up/down direction keys to select **A**, **B** and **C** respectively and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired values. The range is from -1E+15 to 1E+15 and the default is 0. The fitting function defined is displayed in **Fitting**.

#### 3 Set x1

Use the up/down direction keys to select **x1** and press **Curr Value** to acquire the current reading as x1. You also can set x1 by using numeric keyboard.

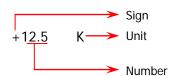
#### 4 Set the Unit

Set the unit of the measurement result. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Unit** and then press  $\boxed{\textbf{OK}}$  to enter the filename input interface. Input the desired unit and press  $\boxed{\textbf{OK}}$ . The length of user-defined units cannot exceed 3 bytes. You can use direction keys to select C, F and O respectively and then press and hold the  $\boxed{\textbf{OK}}$  key to enter  ${}^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ ,  ${}^{\circ}\mathbb{F}$  and  ${}^{\circ}$ .

## **Coefficient Setting Explanation:**

When setting the fitting function coefficients (A, B and C), press any key on the numeric keyboard to open the dialog box in the form below.

- **Sign:** use the left direction key to move the cursor to the sign bit and press +/- on the numeric keyboard to switch the sign to "+" or "-".
- Unit: use the right direction key to move the cursor to the unit bit and use the up/down direction keys to select the desired unit. The units available include n (10<sup>-9</sup>), u (10<sup>-6</sup>), m (10<sup>-3</sup>), \_ (1), K (10<sup>3</sup>), M (10<sup>6</sup>), G (10<sup>9</sup>), T (10<sup>12</sup>) and P (10<sup>15</sup>).
- **Number:** use the left/right direction keys to move the cursor to the number bit and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value.



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## **Alarm Configuration**

The third step of channel configuration guide: configure the alarm parameters.

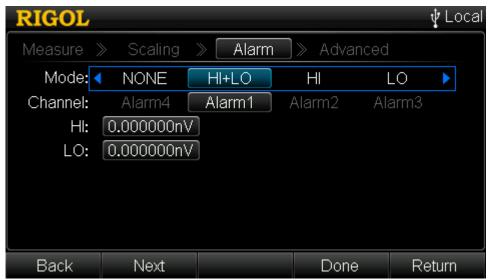


Figure 2-6 Alarm Configuration

**Note:** for multiplexer channel, if the DMM module is not currently inserted or it is inserted but is not enabled, the configuration guide does not contain "Alarm Configuration" when you connect an external DMM to execute scan and measurement

M300 has 4 alarm channels (Alarm1, Alarm2, Alarm3 and Alarm4; refer to "Alarm Channel Setting"). You can configure an alarm channel and set the alarm limits (high limit, low limit or both limits) for channel in the scan list. During the scan, an alarm will be generated in the alarm channel when readings that exceed the specified limit are detected.

If an alarm is generated during the scan, the alarm data is stored in the reading memory as well as the alarm queue which is separate from the reading memory. The non-scanned alarms (alarms during single-channel monitor, alarms generated by the DIO channel, etc.) can only be stored in the alarm queue.

You can assign multiple channels to any of the 4 alarm channels and use the same alarm limit on multiple channels, but you cannot assign multiple alarm channels and alarm limits to the specified channel.

You can configure the alarm parameters for the DIO and TOT channels that are not added into the scan list.

#### 1 Select the Alarm Mode

Enter the alarm configuration interface, **Mode** is selected by default and you can use the left/right direction keys to select the desired mode. If the DIO channel is currently used, the options available are "OFF" and "ON". If the TOT channel is currently used, the options available are only "NONE" and "HI".

- NONE: disable the alarm configuration.
- HI+LO: when the measurement value is greater than HI or lower than LO, an alarm will be generated from the corresponding alarm channel.
- HI: when the measurement value or the count of the TOT channel is greater than HI, an alarm will be generated from the corresponding alarm channel.
- LO: when the measurement value is lower than LO, an alarm will be generated from the corresponding alarm channel.
- OFF: disable the alarm parameters (only for DIO channel).
- ON: enable the alarm configuration. Note that you need to select the alarm channel, set the alarm condition, and alarm value (only for DIO channel).

#### 2 Select the Alarm Channel

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Channel** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired alarm channel.

- Alarm1: select Alarm1 as the alarm channel of the current channel.
- Alarm2: select Alarm2 as the alarm channel of the current channel.
- Alarm3: select Alarm3 as the alarm channel of the current channel.
- Alarm4: select Alarm4 as the alarm channel of the current channel.

# 3 Set the Alarm Limits (only for multiplexer channel and TOT channel) After setting the alarm mode to "HI", "LO" or "HI+LO", you can use the up/down direction keys to select HI and/or LO to set the alarm limits.

- HI: use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value and press **OK**. For TOT channel, the range of HI is from 0 to 2<sup>32</sup>-1 (4294967295).
- LO: use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value and press **OK**.

**Note:** if the current alarm mode is "HI+LO", the value of HI must not be lower than the current value of LO.

## 4 Set the Alarm Condition (only for DIO channel)

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Condition** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired alarm condition.

- Not Pattern: generate an alarm when the reading of the current channel does not match the alarm value set.
- Pattern: generate an alarm when the reading of the current channel matches the alarm value set.

### 5 Set the Alarm Value (only for DIO channel)

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Value** and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired alarm value. The alarm value is a binary number that is formatted in **Bits** configuration (8-bit, 16-bit or 32-bit). You can input a number

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outside the range but when you press **OK**, an error prompt message will be displayed. The instrument can also ignore some digits and alarm when the values of some digits are satisfied. Use "." on the numeric keyboard to set the digits to be ignored and the corresponding position will display "x".

### **Key Points:**

- 1 You must complete the measurement configuration and scaling configuration before configuring the alarm parameters. If you change the measurement configuration or enable scalling function, alarms are turned off and the limit values are cleared.
- 2 If you remove a channel from the scan list, alarms are no longer evaluated on that channel but the limit values are not cleared. If you decide to add that channel back to the scan list, the original limit values are restored and alarms are turned back on.

## **Advanced Configuration**

The fourth step of the channel configuration guide: configure the advanced measurement parameters relating to the function selected.



Figure 2-7 Advanced Configuration

The advanced parameters to be configured differ when different function is selected in the "Measurement Configuration" interface for the current channel.

## 1 Multiplexer Channel

According to the function currently selected, you need to configure the integration time, DC impedance, auto zero, etc. For details, please refer to "Measurement Parameter Configuration".

#### 2 DIO Channel

Select coding mode for the current DIO channel (refer to "Digital Input").

### 3 TOT Channel

Set the reading mode for the current TOT channel (refer to "Totalizer").

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# **Measurement Parameter Configuration**

This section introduces the measurement parameters (such as the range and integration time) that can be configured in the first and fourth steps of the configuration guide. The parameters available for configuration vary for each measurement function as shown in the table below.

Table 2-1 Measurement Parameter

Function	Parameter			
DCV	Range, Integration Time, Input Impedance, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay			
ACV	Range, AC Filter, Channel Delay			
DCI	Range, Integration Time, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay			
ACI	ACI Range, AC Filt		Channel Delay	
2WR 4WR	Range, Integration Time, Of Channel Delay		on Time, Offset Compensation, Auto Zero (AZ),	
FREQ PERIOD	Range, AC Filter, Gate Time, Channel Delay			
	Туре	TC	Model, Unit, Precision, Integration Time, T/C Check, Reference Source, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay	
TEMP		THER	Model, Unit, Precision, Integration Time, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay	
		RTD RTD 4W	RO, ALPHA, Unit, Precision, Integration Time, Offset Compensation, Channel Delay	
	Туре	DCV	Unit, Scaling, Integration Time, Input Impedance, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay	
SENSOR		DCI	Unit, Scaling, Integration Time, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay	
		2WR	Unit, Scaling, Integration Time, Offset	
		4WR	Compensation, Auto Zero (AZ), Channel Delay	
		FREQ	Unit, Scaling, AC Filter, Channel Delay	

**Note:** when the measurement function of the current channel is changed, all the parameters will be restored to their defaults.

## To Set the Range

The setting modes of range include "Auto" and "Manual". In auto range mode, the instrument selects the proper range for each measurement according to the input signal automatically. In the manual range mode, users can select a fixed range for each channel. Auto ranging is convenient and manual ranging provides faster scanning because some additional time is required for the instrument to make a range selection in auto range mode.

Enter the first step of the channel configuration guide, select the desired channel number and function, use the up/down direction keys to select **Range** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired range. The ranges available for each function are as shown in the table below.

Table 2-2 Range

Table 1 1 Hally				
Function	Range			
DCV/ACV	Auto, 200 mV, 2 V, 20 V, 200 V, 300 V <sup>[1]</sup>			
DCI/ACI	Auto, 200 μA, 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, 1 A			
2WR/4WR	Auto, 200 $\Omega$ , 2 k $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , 1 M $\Omega$ , 10 M $\Omega$ , 100 M $\Omega$			
FREQ/PERIOD <sup>[2]</sup>	Auto, 200 mV, 2 V, 20 V, 200 V, 300 V			

**Note**<sup>[1]</sup>: for channels on MC3232 and MC3264, the maximum range of DCV/ACV is 150 V. **Note**<sup>[2]</sup>: in frequency/period measurement, the range set is the voltage range of the signal under test and is used to calculate the measurement resolution. The measurement range of frequency/period is from 3 Hz to 1 MHz (1 µs to 0.33 s).

## **Key Points:**

- Auto range threshold:
  - For signal under test with voltage/resistance that is between 10%\*Range and 110%\*Range, the instrument selects Range as the current range automatically. For example, the signal under test for DCV measurement is 5 V (between 10%\*20 V and 110%\*20 V), the 20 V range is selected automatically.
- If the input signal is greater than the current range, the instrument gives an overrange indication.
- At power-on or after a reset, the range is "Auto" by default.
- "Auto" range is recommended when it is hard to predict the measurement range to protect the instrument and acquire more accurate data.
- For temperature measurements, the instrument internally selects the range. It is not user selectable. For thermocouple measurements, the instrument internally selects the 200 mV range. For thermistor, RTD and RTD 4W measurements, the instrument will autorange to the correct resistance range.

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## **Integration Time**

The Integration time is the period of time that the instrument's analog-to-digital (A/D) converter samples the input signal for a measurement. The longer the integration time is, the slower the measurement speed and the better the measurement resolution will be. The shorter the integration time is, the faster the measurement speed and lower the measurement resolution will be. For the relationship between integration time and resolution, please refer to "Specifications".

Integration time is applicable to DCV, DCI, 2WR, 4WR, TEMP and SENSOR (except the FREQ sensor) functions. You can specify the integration time in the number of Power Line Cycles and aperture time.

- Number of Power Line Cycles: the unit is PLC. It can be set to 0.02 PLC, 0.2 PLC, 1 PLC, 2 PLC, 10 PLC, 20 PLC, 100 PLC or 200 PLC and the default is 1 PLC. The instrument detects the power frequency automatically at power-on, frequencies within 55 Hz and 66 Hz are regarded as 60 Hz (PLC=1/60 s). Other frequencies are regarded as 50 Hz (PLC=1/50 s).
- Aperture Time: user-defined integration time. The range is from 33  $\mu$ s to 2 s.

When the current measurement function is DCV, DCI, 2WR, 4WR, TEMP or SENSOR (except the FREQ sensor), enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **Integ** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired integration time. The integration time can be set to "User", "0.02PLC", "0.2PLC", "1PLC", "2PLC", "10PLC", "20PLC", "100PLC" and "200PLC". If "User" is selected, you need to use the numeric keyboard to input the desired integration time and then press  $\overline{\textbf{OK}}$ . The range is from 33  $\mu s$  to 4 s.

## Input Impedance

The DC input impedance setting is applicable to DCV and SENSOR (DCV sensor) measurement functions. The default is  $10~M\Omega$ . For 200 mV, 2 V and 20 V ranges, you can select ">10 G\Omega" to reduce the affect caused by the loading error of the measurement object. The current setting is stored in the volatile memory.

When the current measurement function is DCV or SENSOR (DCV sensor), enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **IMP** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired impedance.

#### 10M

Set the DC input impedance to 10 M $\Omega$ . The input impedances are 10 M $\Omega$  on all ranges.

#### • >10G

Set the DC input impedance to >10 G $\Omega$ . The input impedances are >10 G $\Omega$  on the 200 mV, 2 V and 20 V ranges and are 10 M $\Omega$  on the 200V and 1000V ranges.

#### **Auto Zero**

Auto Zero (AZ) is applicable to DCV, DCI, 2WR, 4WR and SENSOR (except FREQ sensor) measurement functions.

When the current function is DCV, DCI, 2WR, 4WR or SENSOR (except FREQ sensor), enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **AZ** and the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF".

#### ON

When auto zero is enabled, the DMM internally disconnects the input signal following each measurement and takes a zero reading. It then subtracts the zero reading from the preceding reading (namely, during the measurement, the value displayed is the difference between the measurement value and zero reading). This prevents offset voltages on the instrument's input circuitry from affecting measurement accuracy.

#### OFF

After pressing "OFF", the auto zero function is disabled. The DMM will still take a zero reading automatically each time the function, range, or integration time is changed and the instrument subtracts this zero reading from the succeeding measurement value.

## Tip:

Auto zero and offset compensation are mutually exclusive. After enabling auto zero, offset compensation (if currently enabled) will be disabled automatically and vice versa.

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## **Offset Compensation**

The Offset compensation setting is applicable to the 2WR, 4WR, TEMP (RTD and RTD 4W) and SENSOR (2WR sensor and 4WR sensor) measurement functions. It removes the affects of small DC offsets of the measurement lead on the measurement result.

When the current measurement function is 2WR, 4WR, TEMP (RTD or RTD 4W) or SENSOR (2WR sensor or 4WR sensor), enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **OCOM** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF".

#### ON

After selecting "ON", add two different currents onto the resistance under test and measure the variation of the voltage between two ends of the resistance. Calculate the resistance under test by dividing the voltage variation by the current variation.

#### OFF

After selecting "OFF", no offset compensation will be made.

## Tip:

Offset compensation and auto zero are mutually exclusive. After enabling offset compensation, auto zero (if currently enabled) will be disabled automatically and vice versa.

#### **AC Filter**

AC filter is applicable to the ACV, ACI, FREQ, PERI and SENSOR (FREQ sensor) measurement functions. The AC filter optimizes the low frequency accuracy and minimizes the AC settling time. The instrument selects slow, medium or fast filter based on the frequency of the input signal of the current channel as shown in the table below.

Table 2-3 AC Filter Type

Input Frequency	AC Filter Type
3 Hz to 300 kHz	3 Hz (slow)
20 Hz to 300 kHz	20 Hz (medium)
200 Hz to 300 kHz	200 Hz (fast)

When the current measurement function is ACV, ACI, FREQ, PERI or SENSOR (FREQ sensor), enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **Filter** and use the left/right direction keys to select "3Hz", "20Hz" or "200Hz". The default is "20Hz".

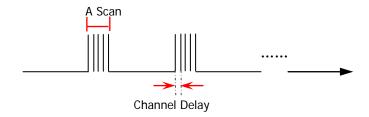
#### **Gate Time**

Gate time (also called Aperture Time) applies to FREQ or PERIOD function. It decides the resolution of low-frequency measurement. The longer the gate time is, the higher the resolution of the low-frequency measurement is and the slower the measurement is, and vice versa.

When the current measurement function is FREQ or PERIOD, enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **GateTime** and use the left/right direction keys to select "1ms", "10ms", "100ms" or "1s". The default is "100ms".

## **Channel Delay**

Channel delay is applicable to all the multiplexer channels. Channel delay is the time interval between two neighboring channels during a scan as shown in the figure below. During the scan, the instrument immediately disconnects the previous channel and closes the current channel after finishing measuring the previous channel. The instrument starts the next measurement after the specified channel delay time has been reached.



When the current channel is a multiplexer channel, enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **Delay** and use the left/right direction keys to select "Auto" or set a specific delay value.

#### Auto

In auto mode, the instrument calculates the channel delay according to the function, range, integration time and AC filter of the current channel automatically. At this point, the channel delay time changes each time the configuration of the current channel is changed.

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### Table 2-4 Auto Delay Time

### (a) DCV/DCI/TEMP (TC)/SENSOR (DCV/DCI) (all the ranges):

Integration Time <sup>[1]</sup>	Channel Delay
>1 PLC	2.0 ms
≤1 PLC	1.0 ms

### (b) 2WR/4WR/TEMP (THER/RTD/RTD 4W)/SENSOR (2WR/4WR):

Range	Channel Delay (Integration Time>1 PLC) [1]	Range	Channel Delay (Integration Time≤1 PLC)
200 Ω	2.0 ms	200 Ω	1.0 ms
2 kΩ	2.0 ms	2 kΩ	1.0 ms
20 kΩ	2.0 ms	20 kΩ	1.0 ms
200 kΩ	25 ms	200 kΩ	20 ms
1 ΜΩ	30 ms	1 ΜΩ	25 ms
10 MΩ	200 ms	10 MΩ	200 ms
100 MΩ	200 ms	100 MΩ	200 ms

**Note**<sup>[1]</sup>: for DCV, TEMP, 2WR, 4WR and SENSOR (except FREQ sensor), if the current integration time is set to "User", the instrument calculates the channel delay according to the condition "Integration Time>1 PLC" automatically.

## (c) ACV/ACI (all the ranges):

AC Filter	Channel Delay
3 Hz (slow)	7.0 s
20 Hz (medium)	1.0 s
200 Hz (fast)	120 ms

### (d) FREQ/PERIOD/SENSOR (FREQ):

AC Filter	Channel Delay
3 Hz (slow)	0.6 s
20 Hz (medium)	0.3 s
200 Hz (fast)	0.1 s

### Delay

Use the numeric keyboard to enter the desired delay. The range is from 0 to 60 s and the resolution is 1 ms.

## **Temperature Measurement Parameters**

The parameters to be set in temperature measurement are as shown in Table 2-1. Wherein, for the integration time, offset compensation and channel delay, refer to the introduction in the preceding section. This section introduces the configuration methods of the other parameters.

### 1 Select the temperature sensor type

Enter the first step of the channel configuration guide, select the desired channel number and function (TEMP), use the up/down direction keys to select **Type** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired sensor type.

- TC: thermocouple
- THER: thermistor
- RTD: thermal resistance, 2-wire connection mode
- RTD 4W: thermal resistance, 4-wire connection mode, not applicable to single-ended multiplexer

#### 2 To select the unit

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Unit** and the left/right direction keys to select the desired unit. The M300 can report temperature measurements in  $^{\circ}$ C (Celsius),  $^{\circ}$ F (Fahrenheit) and K (Kelvins). The temperature conversion relations are as shown below.

$${}^{o}F = (9/5) \times {}^{o}C + 32$$
  
 $K \approx {}^{o}C + 273.15$ 

Different channels on the same module can use different temperature units.

### 3 Use Thermocouple to Measure Temperature

The thermocouple is one of the most commonly used devices for measuring temperature in industry. It converts temperature variation information into voltage variation information. It provides larger temperature measurement range.

#### Model

After setting the temperature sensor type to TC, use the up/down direction keys to select **Model** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired model.

The M300 supports the following thermocouple types: B (Pt Rh 30- Pt Rh6), E (NI CR-WRCK), J (Fe-WRCK), K (NI CR-NiSi), N (NiCrNi-NiSi), R (Pt Rh13-Pt), S (Pt Rh10-Pt) and T (Cu-WRCK). Among them, B, R and S are precious metal thermocouples. E, J, K, N and T are low cost metal thermocouples. For the reference table about each thermocouple, please refer to the ITS-90 (International Temperature Scale of 1990) standards.

#### Precision

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After setting the temperature sensor type to TC, use the up/down direction keys to select **Precision** and use the left/right direction keys to select "1" or "0.1".

#### T/C Check

The T/C Check (Thermocouple Check) function checks whether the TC is connected correctly. After setting the temperature sensor type to TC, enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **T/C Check** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF". When "ON" is selected, the instrument measures the channel resistance (in the 20 k $\Omega$  range) automatically after each thermocouple measurement to ensure a proper connection. If an open connection is detected (greater than 5 k $\Omega$ ), the instrument displays "OPEN T/C".

#### Reference Source

Thermocouple measurements require a reference junction temperature.

After setting the temperature sensor type to TC, enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide, use the up/down direction keys to select **Ref** and use the left/right direction keys to select "Fixed", "Internal" or "External".

- a) Fixed: select a fixed reference temperature. Then use up/down direction keys to select **Fixed** and use the numberic keyboard to input desired temperature. The range is from -20°C to 80°C (always specify the temperature in °C regardless of the temperature units currently selected). Using this type of reference source, you can obtain the highest measurement precision.
- b) Internal: select an internal isothermal reference temperature on the module. Using this type of reference source, you will obtain the lowest measurement precision.
- c) External: before selecting external reference, please find the first module which supports temperature measurement function from Slot1. Then configure the first channel of this module to perform a temperature measurement function. The selected type can be THER, RTD or RTD 4W. Otherwise, you can not select external reference for other channels. This channel is then reserved as the reference source. At this point, you can select other external eferences for other channels. If this channel is deleted or its function is modified, the channels taking this channel as reference source will revert to the internal reference automatically.

### 4 Use thermistor to measure temperature

A thermistor is made up of material of which the resistance changes with temperature and it converts temperature variation information to resistance variation information. Thermistor is especially sensitive to temperature but its

temperature measurement range is small and is more suitable for measurements with relatively small temperature variations.

Thermistor resistance is usually very high. Therefor, the 2-wire resistance method is preferred when measuring the resistance of the thermistor. The internal software conversion program converts the resistance measured to the corresponding temperature.

#### Model

After setting the temperature sensor type to THER, use the up/down direction keys to select **Model** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired model  $(2.2k\Omega, 3k\Omega, 5k\Omega, 10k\Omega)$  or  $30k\Omega$ ).

#### Precision

After setting the temperature sensor type to THER, use the up/down direction keys to select **Precision** and use the left/right direction keys to select "1", "0.1" or "0.01".

### 5 Use RTD to measure temperature

RTD measures the temperature on the basis that the resistance of the measured substance changes with temperature. It features in high measurement accuracy and stable performance.

The instrument can measure the resistance using 2-wire (RTD) or 4-wire (RTD 4W) method. The internal software conversion program converts the resistance measured to the corresponding temperature. For the reference table about each kind of RTD, please refer to the related standards.

#### R0

After setting the temperature sensor type to RTD or RTD 4W, use the up/down direction keys to select **R0** and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired resistance. The range is from 49  $\Omega$  to 2100  $\Omega$  and the default is 100  $\Omega$ .

#### ALPHA

Temperature coefficient.

After setting the temperature sensor type to RTD or RTD 4W, use the up/down direction keys to select **ALPHA** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired coefficient (0.00385, 0.00389, 0.00391 or 0.00392).

#### Precision

After setting the temperature sensor type to RTD or RTD 4W, use the up/down direction keys to select **Precision** and use the left/right direction keys to select "1", "0.1" or "0.01".

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## **Any Sensor Measurement Parameters**

Any sensor measurement supports DCV, 2WR, 4WR and FREQ sensors. With the any sensor measurement function, you can easily convert the measured quantity (pressure, flow, temperature, etc.) to quantity that is easy to measure (voltage, resistance, etc.). After inputting the response curve, the instrument converts and amends the data according to the internal arithmetic to obtain the physical quantity measured. Users can edit and modify the display unit of the measured physical quantity at will. The parameters for the any sensor measurement function are as shown in Table 2-1. Wherein, the integration time and AC filter are introduced in the preceding section and this section introduces the configuration methods of the other parameters.

### 1 Select the sensor type

Enter the first step of the channel configuration guide, select the desired channel number and function (SENSOR), use the up/down direction keys to select **Type** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired type (DCV, DCI, 2WR, 4WR or FREQ).

#### 2 Set the unit

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Unit** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired unit (°, °C, %, °F,  $\Omega$  or K).

You can also define a unit. Select "User" and press **OK** to enter the filename input interface. Input the desired unit and press **OK**. The length of user-defined unit cannot exceed 3 characters.

#### 3 Configure the arithmetic curve

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Scaling** and " $Ax^2+Bx+C$ " is displayed by default. Press OK to open the configuration list interface. The arithmetic between the first start value and the second start value conforms to the first fitting function, the arithmetic between the second start value and the third start value conforms to the second fitting function, ....., from the last start value on, the arithmetic conforms to the last fitting function.

#### Add

This menu is used to add the start value and fitting function. Press this softkey to open the any sensor configuration interface.

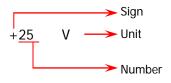
**Start Value:** use the up/down direction keys to select **Start** and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value between -1E+15 and 1E+15.

**Fitting Function Coefficients:** use the up/down direction keys to select **A**, **B** and **C** respectively and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired values between -1F+15 and 1F+15.

## Start Value and Coefficient Setting Explanation:

When setting the start value and fitting function coefficients (A, B and C), press any key on the numeric keyboard to open the dialog box in the form below.

- **Sign:** use the left direction key to move the cursor to the sign bit and press +/- on the numeric keyboard to switch the sign to "+" or "-".
- **Unit:** use the right direction key to move the cursor to the unit bit and use the up/down direction keys to select the desired unit. The units available are related to the sensor type currently selected. The unit coefficients include n (10<sup>-9</sup>), u (10<sup>-6</sup>), m (10<sup>-3</sup>), \_ (1), K (10<sup>3</sup>), M (10<sup>6</sup>), G (10<sup>9</sup>), T (10<sup>12</sup>) and P (10<sup>15</sup>).
- **Number:** use the left/right direction keys to move the cursor to the number bit and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value.



After configuring a group of start value and fitting function, press **Done** to return to the arithmetic curve configuration list interface. Press **Add** again to configure the next group of start value and fitting function.

### Delete

Use the up/down direction keys to select a group of start value and fitting function in the arithmetic curve configuration list interface and press **Delete** to delete the configuration selected.

#### Modify

Use the up/down direction keys to select a group of start value and fitting function in the arithmetic curve configuration list interface and press **Modify** to enter the any sensor configuration interface. At this point, you can modify this group of configuration.

#### Done

Finish the arithmetic curve configuration and return to the measurement configuration interface.

#### Return

Give up the configuration currently edited and return to the measurement configuration interface.

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# **Digital Input**

The multifunction module has four non-isolated 8-bit digital input/output (DIO) ports which you can use as digital output ports (refer to "Module Control") and digital input ports. When used as digital input ports, you can read the real-time status of each bit of the ports and read the digital signal automatically by configuring the DIO channels into the scan list via the channel configuration guide (or press Control and use the left/right direction keys to select the multifunction module and the press Config).

DIO channel configuration guide includes "Measurement Configuration", "Alarm Configuration" and "Advanced Configuration". For alarm configuration, refer to "Alarm Configuration". This section introduces the parameters to be set in "Measurement Configuration" and "Advanced Configuration" for the DIO channels.

#### 1 Chan No.

Enter the first step of the channel configuration guide. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Chan No.** and use the numeric keyboard to input or use the left/right direction keys to select the desired channel number. Generally, the DIO channels are numbered "S01" to "S04" where S denotes the slot number of the multifunction module

#### 2 Function

After selecting the correct channel number, **Function** is fixed to "DIO" and users cannot modify it.

#### 3 Status

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Status** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired status.

- READ: configure the current DIO channel to the scan list. At this point, this channel can only be used as a digital input port. During a scan, the instrument can read the digital signal of this channel.
- OFF: do not configure the current DIO channel to the scan list. At this point, this channel can be used as both digital input (you can read the digital input signal of this port manually) and digital output port (you can edit the digital output signal of this port). Please refer to the introduction in "To Control MC3534".

#### 4 Bits

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Bits** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired number of bits. Channels "S01" to "S04" are all 8-bit ports. You can configure the 4 channels to be independent 8-bit channels. You can also combine "S01" and "S02" as well as "S03" and "S04" respectively and configure them to 16-bit. Finally, all 4 channels can be combined and configured to be 32-bit input.

8-bit	S01	S02	S03	S04
	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXX	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXX
16-bit	S02S01		S04S03	
XXXXXXXX		XXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
32-bit	S04S03S02S01			
32-DIL	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX			

**Note:** in the 16-bit S02S01, S02 is the upper 8-bit bank. In the 16-bit S04S03, S04 is the upper 8-bit bank. In the 32-bit S04S03S02S01, S04 is the upper 8-bit bank.

### 5 Type

When the channel status is READ, use the up/down direction keys to select **Type** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired level ("TTL", "CMOS5V", "CMOS3.3V", "CMOS2.5V" or "User"). If "User" is currently selected, use the up/down direction keys to select **Level** and **Threshold** respectively and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired values.

- The range of level is from 2.000 V to 5.000 V and the default is 5.000 V.
- The range of threshold is from 0.500 V to 3.500 V and the default is 2.500 V.
- When setting the level and threshold, they should fulfill the relation equation: Level ≥ Threshold + 0.5 V.
- When the input signal <Threshold-0.3 V, it is regarded as logic 0; when the input signal >Threshold+0.3 V, it is regarded as logic 1.

#### 6 Coding

Enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide. By default, **Coding** is selected and use the left/right direction keys to select "Binary", "Decimal" or "Hex".

The coding mode selected will be used in both the digital input and output of this channel.

### **Key Points:**

- When the DIO channels are used as digital input channels, they do not have to be part of the scan list and the DMM module does not have to be enabled to generate an alarm when the reading matches or dismatches the specific data nattern
- When the DIO channels are used as digital input channels, its rate is up to 1kHz per second.
- 3 DIO channels added into the scan list cannot be used as digital output channels.

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### **Totalizer**

The multifunction module provides four 32-bit totalizers (TOT) which can count TTL pulses at a 10 MHz rate (for high-speed TOT channels) or 100 kHz rate (for normal TOT channels). You can manually read the TOT count or you can read the TOT count automatically by configuring the TOT channels to a scan list via the channel configuration guide.

The TOT channel configuration guide contains "Measurement Configuration", "Alarm Configuration" and "Advanced Configuration". For alarm configuration, refer to "Alarm Configuration". This section introduces the parameters to be set in "Measurement Configuration" and "Advanced Configuration" for the TOT channels.

#### 1 Chan No.

Enter the first step of the channel configuration guide. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Chan No.** and use the numeric keyboard to input or use the left/right direction keys to select the desired channel number.

Generally, the TOT channels are numbered "S05" to "S08" where S denotes the current slot number of the multifunction module. "S05" and "S06" are high-speed TOT channels and can count TTL pulses at a 10 MHz rate. "S07" and "S08" are normal TOT channels with 100 kHz count rate.

### 2 Function

After selecting the correct channel number, **Function** is fixed at "TOT" and users cannot modify it.

### 3 Status

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Status** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired status.

- READ: configure the current TOT channel to the scan list. During a scan, the instrument can read the current TOT count.
- OFF: do not configure the current TOT channel to the scan list. You can start
  and stop the counting or read the count of the TOT channel manually.
  Please refer to the introduction in "To Control MC3534".

#### 4 TrigMode

When the channel status is READ, use the up/down direction keys to select **TrigMode** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired mode.

- Rising: configure the totalizer to count on the rising edge of the input signal when the input signal passes through the trigger threshold.
- Falling: configure the totalizer to count on the falling edge of the input signal when the input signal passes through the trigger threshold.

**Note:** the "TrigMode" here refers to the mode in which to trigger the counting of the totalizer. Please pay attention to distinguish it from the "TrigMode" of the

instrument.

#### 5 Threshold

For TOT channels "S07" and "S08", after selecting the trigger mode, use the up/down direction keys to select **Threshold** and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value between -12 V and +12 V.

**Note:** this function is only applicable to TOT channels "S07" and "S08". For TOT channels "S05" and "S06", the threshold is fixed at CMOS 3.3 V.

The terminal block of the multifunction module provides G and G# terminals which are used to control the trigger of the TOT channels.

- A TTL high level applied to the G terminal and a TTL low level applied to the G# terminal enables counting.
- Only providing a TTL high level applied to the G terminal enables counting.
- Only provide a TTL low level applied to the G# terminal enables counting.
- When a gate signal is not detected in both the terminals, counting is always enabled.

#### 6 Read

Enter the fourth step of the channel configuration guide. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Read** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired setting.

- READ&RST: read the count and reset the totalizer without losing any counts
- READ: only read the count.

### **Key Points:**

- The maximum count is 4294967295 (2<sup>32</sup>-1). The count rolls over to 0 after reaching the maximum allowed value.
- You can configure the instrument to generate an alarm in the specified alarm channel when a specific count is reached for TOT channel that is not added to the scale list (the channel status is OFF). Please refer to "Alarm Configuration" to configure the desired parameters.
- 3 You can execute single-channel monitor on a TOT channel even if the channel is not part of the scan list (the channel status is OFF).
- "S05" and "S06" are high-speed TOT channels with 10 MHz count rate; they only receive standard TTL pulse or 3.3 V to 5 V square signal and their thresholds are decided by the internal circuit. "S07" and "S08" are normal TOT channels with 100 kHz count rate. They can receive analog signal or TTL pulse and their thresholds are set by users (the range is from -12 V to +12 V).

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# **Configuration Copy**

The configuration copy function supports module copy, channel copy and extended copy. Press **Config >Edit >Copy** to enter the copying interface.

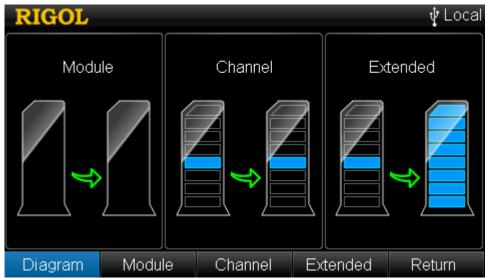


Figure 2-8 Configuration Copy

## **Module Copy**

Module copy can copy the configuration of a module (source module) to another module (target module) of the same model. After that, the configuration of each channel of the source module is copied to the target module automatically.

Press **Module** to enter the module copy interface.

- Switch: switch the cursor between the "Source Module" and "Target Module" areas.
- OK: copy the configuration of the source module selected to the target module selected.
- Return: return to the upper-level menu.

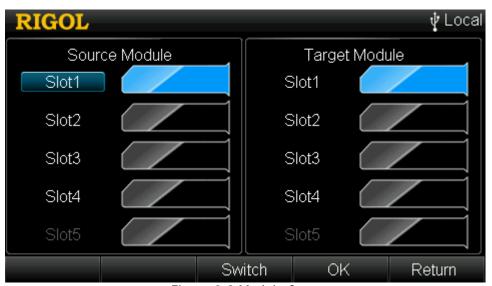


Figure 2-9 Module Copy

### **Steps of Module Copy:**

- After entering the module copy interface, the "Source Module" area is selected by default. Use the up/down direction keys to select the desired source module.
- 2 Press **Switch** to move the cursor to the "Target Module" area and use the up/down direction keys to select the desired target module.
- 3 Press **OK** to execute module copy.

**Note:** the source module and target module selected must be of the same model and it is forbidden to copy the configuration of a module to itself.

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## **Channel Copy**

Channel copy can copy the configuration of a channel (source channel) to another channel or multiple channels (target channels) of the same type. After that, the following settings of the source channel are copied to the target channels automatically.

- 1 Measurement Configuration: include measurement function, range, etc.
- 2 Scaling Setting: on/off status of the scaling function and scaling coefficients.
- 3 Alarm Setting: on/off status of the alarm function, alarm channel number and alarm limits.
- 4 Advanced Configuration: include integration time, AC filter, etc.

Press **Channel** to enter the channel copy interface. This interface is divided into the upper and lower areas.

- Switch: switch the cursor to select desired area. This menu is available only when the current scan list has 2 or more channels.
- Upper Area: use the channel selected as the source channel. You can select the target channels.
- Lower Area: use the channel selected as the target channel. You can select the source channel.
- Done: copy the configuration of the source channel selected to the target channel selected.
- Return: return to the upper-level menu.



Figure 2-10 Channel Copy

### Steps of Channel Copy:

After entering the channel copy interface, the channel selected is fixed as the source channel and the upper area is selected by default. Use the left/right direction keys to select the desired target channels, press **OK** to confirm it (press **OK** again to cancel

it) and press **Done** to execute the channel copy.

You also can press **Switch** to fix the channel selected as the target channel after entering the channel copy interface. At this point, the lower area is selected. Use the left/right direction keys to select the desired source channel and press **Done** to execute channel copy.

### Tips:

- 1. When the channel selected is fixed as the source channel, multiple target channels can be selected and are displayed in the lower area.
- 2. When the channel selected is fixed as the target channel, only one source channel can be selected.
- 3. The **Switch** menu is gray and disabled if the scan list only has one channel.

**Note:** For channel copy, only copies between the same type of channels are allowed.

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## **Extended Copy**

Extended copy allows copying the configuration of a channel (source channel) of a module to all the channels (which type is the same to that of the source channel) of the target module. After that, the following settings will be copied to the target module automatically.

- 1 Measurement Configuration: include measurement function, range, etc.
- 2 Scaling Setting: on/off status of the scaling function and scaling coefficients;
- 3 Alarm Setting: on/off status of the alarm function, alarm channel number and alarm limits;
- 4 Advanced Configuration: include integration time, AC filter, etc.

Press **Extended** to enter the extended copy interface.

- Switch: switch the cursor between the "Source Channel" area and "Target Module" area.
- OK: copy the configuration of the source channel selected to the target module selected.
- Return: return to the upper-level menu.



Figure 2-11 Extended Copy

#### **Steps of Extended Copy**

- After entering the extended copy interface, the "Source Channel" area is selected by default. Use the direction keys to select the desired source channel.
- 2 Press **Switch** to move the cursor to the "Target Module" area and use the up/down direction keys to select the desired target module.
- 3 Press **OK** to execute extended copy.

#### Note:

For extended copy, only copies among the same type of modules are allowed. This function makes it easy to configure several channels for the same measurement.

## **Channel Monitor**

The channel monitor function of M300 allows users to monitor a single channel, multiple channels, or all of the channels in the scan list. The instrument monitors the channel and takes readings from the channel monitored continuously even during a scan. This function is helpful for troubleshooting your system before a test or for watching an important signal.

The channel monitor function can monitor the following channels: multiplexer channels (configured to the scan list and the DMM module is enabled), DIO and TOT channels of the multifunction module (no matter whether they are configured to the scan list and the DMM module is not required).

Press **Monitor** at the front panel to configure the channel monitor function.

# Single-channel Monitor

Press Monitor → Single to enter the single-channel monitor interface as shown in Figure 2-12 and by default, the first channel in the scan list is monitored. If no scan list is currently configured, the first channel of the multifunction module (DIO channel) is monitored.

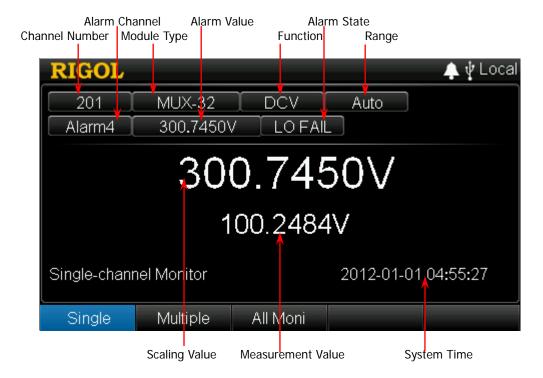


Figure 2-12 Single-channel Monitor

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#### 1 Channel Number

The channel number is in the editable status. At this point, you can modify the number of the channel monitored by inputting the desired channel number using the numeric keyboard (you can also press **Single** at the front panel to switch the channel monitored).

**Note:** if the channel number of the multiplexer channel that is not added into the scan list is input, the instrument will generate an error prompt message.

### 2 Module Type

Display the module type of the channel currently monitored.

MUX-32: 32-Channel Multiplexer and its model is MC3132

MUX-64: 64-Channel Single-Ended Multiplexer 64 and its model is MC3164

REED-MUX-32: 32-Channel Reed Multiplexer and its model is MC3232

REED-MUX-64: 64-Channel Single-Ended Reed Multiplexer and its model is MC3264

MUX-MIX-24: 24-Channel Multiplexer and its model is MC3324

MFC: Multifunction Module and its model is MC3534

#### 3 Function

Display the function (DCV, ACV, DCI, ACI, 2WR, 4WR, FREQ, PERIOD, TEMP, SENSOR, DIN or TOT) of the channel currently monitored.

## 4 Range

Display the range of the channel currently monitored. This is only applicable to multiplexer channels.

### 5 Scaling Value

Display the scaling value of the channel currently monitored (only when the current channel uses the scaling function).

#### 6 Measurement Value

Display the measurement value of the channel currently monitored. For TOT channel, the count value is displayed. If the current channel does not use the scaling function (the scaling value is not displayed), the measurement value is displayed at the center of the screen in relatively larger font size.

#### 7 Alarm Channel/Alarm Value/Alarm State

Display the alarm information of the channel currently monitored, including the alarm channel, alarm value (displayed only when alarm is generated) and alarm state (PASS, LO FAIL or HI FAIL). For DIO channels, the alarm state can be PASS, EQU FAIL or NOT EQU FAIL. If the channel monitored does not use the alarm function, "ALARM NO CONFIGURE" will be displayed.

#### 8 System Time

Display the system time.

### **Key Points:**

- 1 For single-channel monitor function, only one channel can be monitored at a time, but you can change the channel being monitored at any time.
- 2 Readings acquired during a monitor are not stored in memory but they are displayed on the screen.
- When the alarm function are applied to the selected channel during monitor, all the alarm data is stored in the alarm queue (which will be cleared at power-off).
- 4 You can monitor a multiplexer channel only if the DMM module is installed and enabled (Utility → DMM → "ON"). The channel must also be configured to be part of the scan list.
- 5 You can monitor a DIO or TOT channel even if the channel is not part of the scan list.

## **Multi-channel Monitor**

Press Monitor 

Multiple to enter the multi-channel monitor interface. At most 7 channels can be monitored. You can add or delete the channels being monitored.

- Add: use the numeric keyboard to input the channel number.
- Delete: use the up/down direction keys to select the desired channel number and then press **Delete**.

## **All Channel Monitor**

Press Monitor → All Moni to enter the all channel monitor interface. All channels in the scan list can be monitored.

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## **Module Control**

The M300 provides a user-friendly module control interface. Press **Control** at the front panel to enter the interface as shown in Figure 2-13. You can control the status of each module (except the DMM module).

The 5 column diagrams in the module control interface represent the 5 slots. The corresponding number (such as slot1) and type of the module inserted into the slot are displayed above and below the column diagram respectively and the name of the module is displayed in the middle of the column diagram. Use the left/right direction keys to select the desired module (slot without module and slot with the DMM module cannot be selected). The module currently selected is displayed in blue. Press **Single** to enter the control interface of the module currently selected.

**Note:** in the module control interface, the model and name of the module are related to the module currently inserted into the instrument.

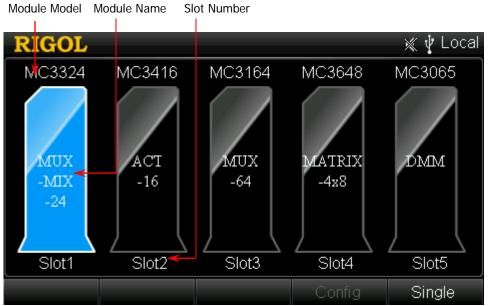


Figure 2-13 Module Control Interface

### **Explanation:**

When the multiplexer is used as the DMM input channel, only one channel can be closed at each time. For example, use channel 1 of MC3132 to measure temperature and channel 2 to measure DCV. The instrument first closes channel 1 to measure temperature, and then disconnects channel 1 and closes channel 2 to measure DCV (namely, the "break-before-make" feature).

## To Control MC3132/MC3232

MC3132 is a 32-channel multiplexer (MUX-32 for short). MC3232 is a 32-channel reed multiplexer (REED-MUX-32 for short) and can provide relatively faster switching speeds. MC3132/MC3232 is divided into two banks of 16 two-wire channels (HI and LO) each and can be used for 2-wire and 4-wire connections. When making 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument automatically pairs channel n with channel n+16 (wherein, n is an integer between 1 and 16). MC3132/MC3232 is used with the external terminal block (TB32) which has a built-in thermocouple reference junction.

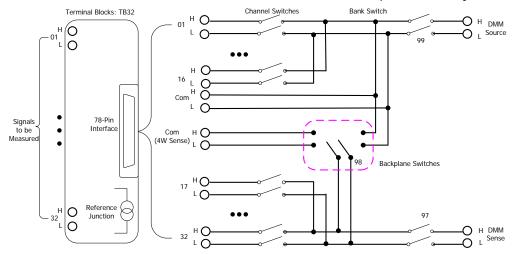


Figure 2-14 MC3132/MC3232 Schematic Diagram

The control interface of MC3132/MC3232 is as shown in the figure below. Press **Page Up** and **Page Dn** at the front panel to open the previous and next pages of the control interface. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted, for example, our can perform various operations on the channel currently selected (such as disconnect and close the channel).

If the channel currently selected is not added to the scan list and other channels of the module are not added to the scan list, pressing  $\boxed{OK}$  can close the channel. At this point, pressing  $\boxed{OK}$  again can open the channel. If the channel is added to the scan list, pressing  $\boxed{OK}$  can close the channel and read the measurement result (before closing this channel, the instrument opens the channel currently closed). Pressing  $\boxed{OK}$  again can read the measurement result again.

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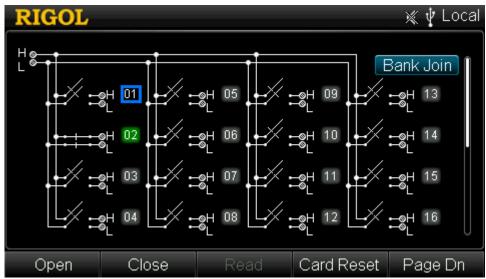


Figure 2-15 MC3132/MC3232 Control Interface

### 1 Open

Disconnect the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently disconnected is displayed in gray, for example, a. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

### 2 Close

Close the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently closed is displayed in green, for example, 02. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

#### 3 Read

Read the measurement value of the current channel. This operation is only applicable to channels added to the scan list.

#### 4 Module Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

### 5 Bank Joined

Execute the group combine operation (close the bank switch in Figure 2-14). At this point, MC3132/MC3232 can only be used for 2-wire connection and Bank Join is displayed in the top right coner of the user interface.

### 6 Bank Separate

Execute the group separate operation (disconnect the bank switch in Figure

2-14). At this point, MC3132/MC3232 is divided into two independent groups and can be used for 4-wire connection. When MC3132/MC3232 is used for 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument pairs channel n and channel n+16 automatically (wherein, n is an integer between 1 and 16). Channel n is used to connect the source terminal of DMM and channel n+16 is used to connect the sense terminal of DMM.

## To Control MC3164/MC3264

MC3164 is a 64-channel single-ended multiplexer (MUX-64 for short). MC3264 is a 64-channel single-ended reed multiplexer (REED-MUX-64 for short) and can provide relatively faster switching speed. MC3164/MC3264 is divided into two banks of 32 single-ended channels (HI only, the 32 channels has a common LO terminal) each and cannot be used for 4-wire connection. MC3164/MC3264 is used with the external terminal block (TB64) which has a built-in thermocouple reference junction.

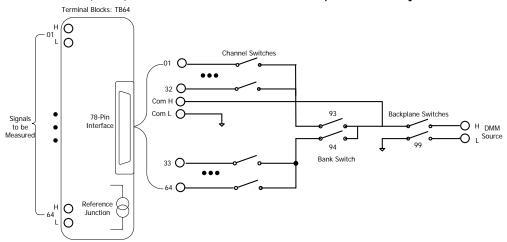


Figure 2-16 MC3164/MC3264 Schematic Diagram

The control interface of MC3164/MC3264 is as shown in the figure below. Press Page Up and Page Dn at the front panel to open the previous and next pages of the control interface. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted, for example, You can perform various operations on the channel currently selected (such as disconnect and close the channel).

If the channel currently selected is not added to the scan list and other channels of the module are not added to the scan list, pressing **OK** can close the channel. At this point, pressing **OK** again can open the channel. If the channel is added to the scan list, pressing **OK** can close the channel and read the measurement result (before closing this channel, the instrument opens the channel currently closed). Pressing **OK** again can read the measurement result again.

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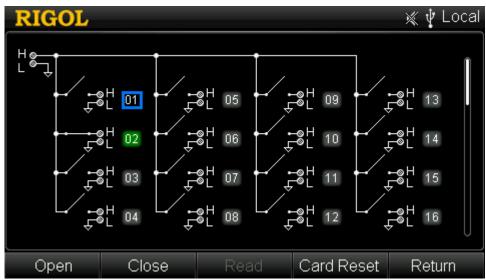


Figure 2-17 MC3164/MC3264 Control Interface

### 1 Open

Disconnect the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently disconnected is displayed in gray, for example, 13. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

### 2 Close

Close the channel currently selected. Only one channel can be closed each time. The channel number of the channel currently closed is displayed in green, for example, 102. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

#### 3 Read

Read the measurement value of the current channel. This operation is only applicable to channels added to the scan list.

#### 4 Card Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

## To Control MC3324

MC3324 is a mixed multiplexer with 20 voltage channels and 4 current channels. The 20 voltage channels (from channel 01 to channel 20) are divided into two banks of 10 two-wire channels each and can be used for 2-wire and 4-wire connections. When making 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument automatically pairs channel n with channel n+10 (wherein, n is an integer between 1 and 10). 4 current channels (from channel 21 to channel 24) are used to measure DC current or AC current. MC3324 is used with the external terminal block (TB24) which has a built-in thermocouple reference junction.

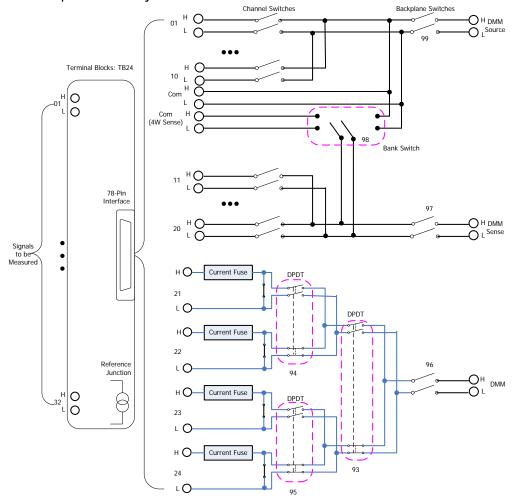


Figure 2-18 MC3324 Schematic Diagram

The control interface of MC3324 is as shown in Figure 2-19. Press Page Up and Page Dn at the front panel to open the previous and next pages of the control interface. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted, for example, Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel.

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various operations on the channel currently selected (such as disconnect and close the channel).

If the channel currently selected is not added to the scan list and other channels of the module are not added to the scan list, pressing **OK** can close the channel. At this point, pressing **OK** again can open the channel. If the channel is added to the scan list, pressing **OK** can close the channel and read the measurement result (before closing this channel, the instrument opens the channel currently closed). Pressing **OK** again can read the measurement result again.

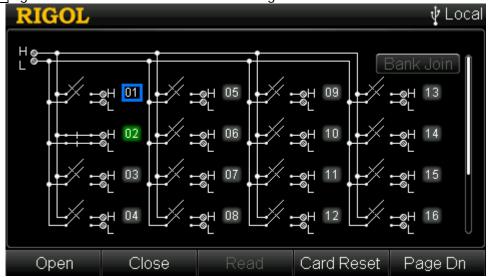


Figure 2-19 MC3324 Control Interface

#### 1 Open

Disconnect the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently disconnected is displayed in gray, for example, and If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid

#### 2 Close

Close the channel currently selected. Only one channel can be closed each time. The channel number of the channel currently closed is displayed in green, for example, 12. If one or more channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

#### 3 Read

Read the measurement value of the current channel. This operation is only applicable to channels added to the scan list.

#### 4 Module Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module. If one or more

channels of the current module are added to the scan list, this operation is invalid.

### 5 Bank Joined

Execute the group combine operation (close the bank switch in Figure 2-18). At this point, MC3324 can only be used for 2-wire connection and is displayed in the top right coner of the user interface.

### 6 Bank Separate

Execute the group separate operation (disconnect the bank switch in Figure 2-18). At this point, MC3324 is divided into two independent groups and can be used for 4-wire connection. When MC3324 is used for 4-wire resistance measurement, the instrument pairs channel n and channel n+16 automatically (wherein, n is an integer between 1 and 16). Channel n is used to connect the source terminal of DMM and channel n+16 is used to connect the sense terminal of DMM.

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## **To Control MC3416**

MC3416 is a 16-channel actuator (ACT-16 for short). This module contains 16 independent SPDT (single-pole and double-throw) switches. This module does not connect to the DMM module and only provide access to the NC (Normally Closed), NO (Normally Open) and COM (Common) contacts on each switch. It can be used to control external devices.

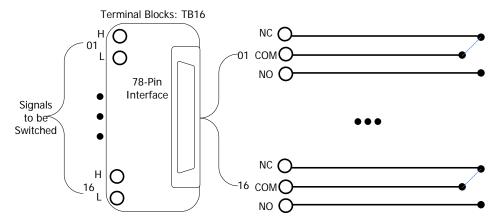


Figure 2-20 MC3416 Schematic Diagram

The control interface of MC3416 is as shown in the figure below. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted, for example, Outcome channel currently selected (such as disconnect and close the channel).

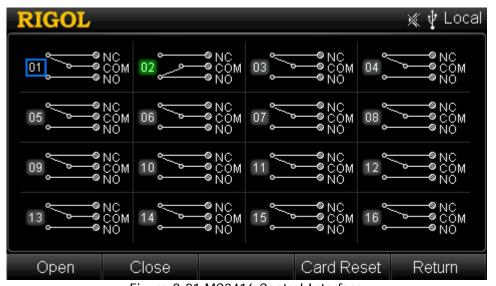


Figure 2-21 MC3416 Control Interface

## 1 Open

Disconnect the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently disconnected is displayed in gray, for example, also open the channel currently selected.

### 2 Close

Close the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently closed is displayed in green, for example,  $\boxed{02}$ . Pressing  $\boxed{\textbf{OK}}$  can also close the channel currently selected.

### 3 Card Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module.

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## To Control MC3534

MC3534 is a multifunction module (MFC for short). This module combines four 8-bit digital input/output (DIO) channels, four 32-bit totalizer (TOT) channels and four analog output (DAC) channels.

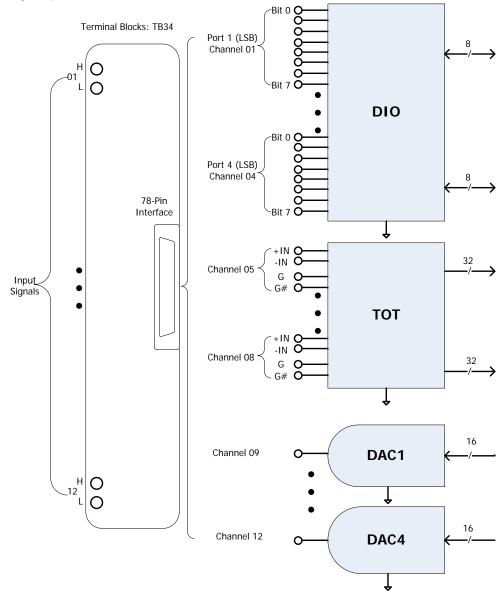


Figure 2-22 MC3534 Schematic Diagram

You can enter the channel configuration guide of the MFC module by pressing **Control**, selecting MC3534 and pressing **Config**. The channel number is S01 by default (wherein, S is the number of the module slot and the range is from 1 to 5)

and the function is fixed as DIO. For detailed information about the channel configuration, please refer to "**Channel Configuration**". This section mainly introduces how to control MC3534.

The control interface of MC3534 is as shown in the figure below. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted, for example, . You can perform various operations on the channel currently selected (such as the write and read operations).

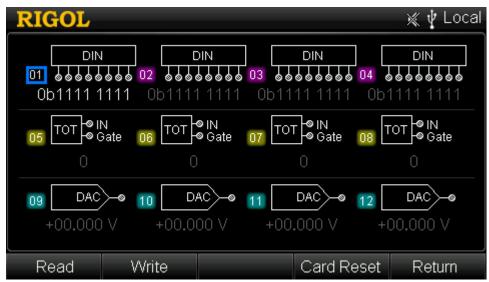


Figure 2-23 MC3534 Control Interface

### 1 DIO Channel Control

Digital Input (DIN): the four DIO channels can all be used as digital input ports. You can configure the DIO channels to the scan list to read the input value of the specified channel automatically or you can read the input value manually via the MC3534 control interface.

Digital Output (DOUT): only DIO channels that are not configured to the scan list can be used as digital output (DOUT) ports.

- Read: read the input value of the channel currently selected. The value is displayed on the interface.
- Write: edit the output value of the channel currently selected. Press Write
  and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired value between
  00000000 and 11111111. If the channel currently selected is added to the
  scan list, this operation is invalid.

### 2 TOT Channel Control

You can configure the TOT channels to the scan list to read the count of the specified channel automatically or you can read the count manually via the

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MC3534 control interface.

- Read: read the count of the channel currently selected. The count is displayed on the interface.
- Start: press this softkey and the current TOT channel starts counting.
- Stop: press this softkey and the current TOT channel stops counting. This function is only valid when the current channel is counting.
- Def Start: when the instrument starts, this TOT channel starts counting by default. You do not need to press **Start**.
- Def Stop: when the instrument starts, this TOT channel stops counting by default. You need to press **Start** to start the counting.

#### 3 DAC Channel Control

The multifunction module (MC3534) provides 4 low-noise analog output (DAC) channels. The 4 analog output channels are capable of outputting calibrated voltages between -12 V and +12 V with 16 bits of resolution. Each DAC channel can be used as the programmable voltage source for other analog control device. The DAC channels are usually numbered "S09" to "S12"; wherein, S denotes the number of the slot of the multifunction module.

Press **Write** and use the numeric keyboard to input the desired output value between -12.000 V and +12.000 V and the resolution is 1 mV.

#### 4 Module Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module.

## **To Control MC3648**

MC3648 is a 4×8 matrix switch and contains 32 two-wire crosspoints. Each crosspoint relay has its own unique channel label representing the row and column. For example, channel 24 represents the crosspoint connection between row 2 and column 4. This module does not connect to DMM. You can close multiple channels and connect multiple inputs to multiple outputs at the same time. Before making any connection, make sure that the connection will not introduce any danger.

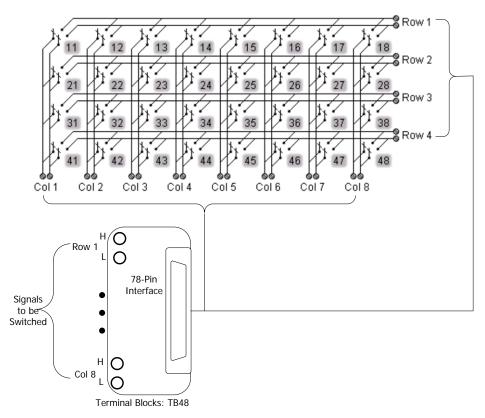


Figure 2-24 MC3648 Schematic Diagram

The control interface of MC3648 is as shown in Figure 2-25. Use the up/down and left/right direction keys to select the desired channel. The channel currently selected is highlighted. You can perform various operations on the channel currently selected (such as disconnect and close the channel).

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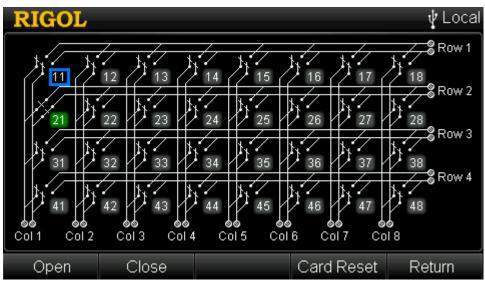


Figure 2-25 MC3648 Control Interface

### 1 Open

Disconnect the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently disconnected is displayed in gray. Pressing **OK** can also open the channel currently selected.

#### 2 Close

Close the channel currently selected. The channel number of the channel currently closed is displayed in green. Pressing  $\boxed{\text{OK}}$  can also close the channel currently selected.

#### 3 Card Reset

Initialize the status of each channel of the current module.

### **Matrix Combination:**

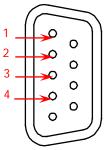
For M300, you can combine two or more (up to 5) matrixes together to form a larger matrix. For example, you can connect the rows or (columns) of two  $4\times8$  matrixes to form a  $4\times16$  ( $8\times8$ ) matrix.

**Note:** the combined matrix provides more complicated signal switch. You can connect more inputs to more outputs at the same time. Please make sure that the connection will not introduce any danger.

# **Alarm Channel Setting**

M300 provides 4 alarm channels (Alarm1, Alarm2, Alarm3 and Alarm4). You can assign an alarm channel to a configured channel via the channel configuration guide. An alarm will be generated from the corresponding channel when a reading fulfills the specified alarm condition during a scan or monitor.

When an alarm is generated, the corresponding pin of the Alarm/Ext Trig interface at the rear panel (converted from the [RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig] interface) outputs a pulse with specified edge. If an alarm channel is assigned to multiple channels, the corresponding pin outputs a pulse when any of the channel generates an alarm.



Pin	Definition
1	Alarm 1 Output
2	Alarm 2 Output
3	Alarm 3 Output
4	Alarm 4 Output

Alarm/Ext Trig Interface

Press A, A or A at the front panel to set the output mode of the corresponding pin of the Alarm/Ext Trig interface for the 4 alarm channels when an alarm is generated.



Figure 2-26 Alarm Channel Setting Interface

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#### 1 Mode

Set the output mode of the corresponding pin when an alarm is generated. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Mode** and use the left/right direction keys to select "Latch" or "Track".

#### Latch

In this mode, the corresponding pin is latched to the status (high level or low level) specified in **Output** when the alarm channel generates an alarm until you clear it by initiating a new scan or cycling power. You can also manually clear (pressing **Clear**) the output of this pin at any time (even during a scan) and the alarm data is not cleared. The alarm data is cleared when you initiate a new scan.

#### Track

In this mode, the corresponding pin jumps to the status (high level or low level) specified in **Output** when a reading of the channel crosses a limit and remains outside the limit. When a reading returns to within the limits, the output of this pin is cleared automatically. You can also manually clear (pressing **Clear**) this pin at any time (even during a scan) and the alarm data is not cleared. The output pin and alarm data are both cleared when you initiate a new scan.

### 2 Ouput

Set the output status of the corresponding pin when an alarm is generated. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Output** and use the left/right direction keys to select "High" or "Low".

- Low: when an alarm is generated, the corresponding pin outputs a TTL low level (0 V).
- High: when an alarm is generated, the corresponding pin outputs a TTL high level (+3.3 V).

#### 3 Channel

Display the numbers of channels that select this alarm channel. By default, all the channels select Alarm1. You can modify the alarm configuration via the third step of the channel configuration guide (refer to "Alarm Configuration") or using Add and Delete.

#### Add

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Channel**, press **Add** and input the desired channel number. After that, the specified channel uses the current alarm channel and the number of the channel added is displayed in **Channel**.

#### Delete

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Channel**, use the left/right direction keys to select the desired channel number and press **Delete** to delete the specified channel. The number of the channel deleted will not be

displayed in Channel.

#### 4 Clear

Press this softkey to clear the alarm output of the corresponding pin of the current alarm channel manually, but the alarm data is not cleared.

## View Switch

M300 provides view switch function which provides multiple display forms for the scan list and scan results. Press at the front panel to display the scan history information, channel status table, measurement curve and the channel information.

# **Scan History Information**

Press at the front panel to enter the scan history information interface through which you can view the start time, scan sweep, count, channel number and the corresponding function as well as the maximum, minimum, average and standard deviation measured. You can also store/read the measurement data and view the measurement value of the specified channel.

**Note:** when the count reaches to 100000, the new readings will overwrite the first readings stored.

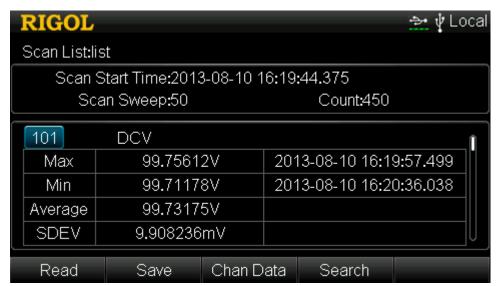


Figure 2-27 Scan History Information

#### 1 Read

Read the measurement data stored in the internal or external memory. Press

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**Read** and the instrument enters the store and recall interface (the file type is set to "Meas Data" automatically). Please refer to "**Store and Recall**" to select the desired file to read.

#### 2 Save

Save the measurement data into the internal or external memory. Press **Save** and the instrument enters the store and recall interface (the file type is set to "Meas Data" automatically). Please refer to "**Store and Recall**" to save the data.

#### 3 Channel Data

Select a channel and press **Chan Data** to view the measurement values of this channel. These values contain time stamps. Press **Search** and use the numeric keyboard to input the point number to quickly locate the data of the specified point. Press **Return** to return to the scan history information interface.

#### 4 Search

Press **Search** and input the desired channel number to display the specified channel in the interface. When a larger number of channels are contained in the scan list, this softkey can be used to quickly locate the desired channel to view the channel information.

## **Channel Status Table**

Press at the front panel again to enter the channel status table interface as shown in Figure 2-28. In this interface, you can judge the channel status.

- Yellow: channels not added to the scan list is displayed in yellow
- Green: channels added to the scan list is displayed in green
- Red: during a scan, an alarm is generated, the corresponding channel is displayed in red

**Note:** this status table displays the channel status in real time. For example, the channel is displayed in red after an alarm is generated. If the next measurement value is judged as PASS, the channel will be displayed in green again.



Figure 2-28 Channel Status Table

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# **Measurement Curve**

Press at the front panel again and the instrument enters an interface with a blank coordinate. This interface can display the measurement curves of the specified channels.

#### 1 Switch

Press **Switch** to switch the cursor to select the channel number or the curve. By default, the channel number is selected. At this point, you can delete the channel selected or select other channel number by using the left/right direction keys. Press **Switch** to switch the cursor to select the curve and use the left/right direction keys to view the curve outside of the range of the horizontal axis.

#### 2 Add

Press **Add** and use the numeric keyboard to input a channel number in the scan list. The instrument starts drawing the measurement curve in the coordinate. Up to 4 channels can be added.

#### 3 Delete

To delete a channel, press **Switch** to switch the cursor to select the channel number and use the left/right direction keys to select the channel number to be deleted, and then press **Delete**.

#### 4 Zoom In

Press this softkey to reduce the maximum of the horizontal axis to zoom in the curve.

#### 5 Zoom Out

Press this softkey to increase the maximum of the horizontal axis to zoom out the curve.

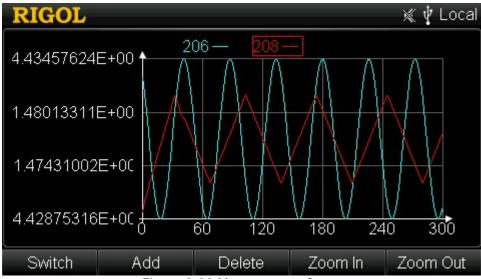


Figure 2-29 Measurement Curve

# **Channel Information**

Press at the front panel again and the instrument enters the channel information display interface.

RIG	OL			🛬 🌵 Local
101	181Cyc	102	170Cyc	103 167Cyc
104	75Cyc	105	75Cyc	106 50Cyc
107	50Cyc	108	50Cyc	109 59Cyc
110	9Cyc	111	11Cyc	112 9Cyc
113	9Cyc	114	8Cyc	115 9Cyc
116	8Cyc	117	9Cyc	118 8Cyc
119	9Cyc	120	9Cyc	121 240Cyc
122	237Cyc	123	233Cyc	124 232Cyc
ŭ j				
Relay (	Cycle Alarm Ir	nfo	Error Info	

Figure 2-30 Relay Cycle/Alarm Info/Error Info

### 1 Relay Cycle

M300 measures relay cycles and stores the result in the non-volatile memory of the corresponding module. When starting up and detecting the modules

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currently insterted, M300 reads the cycle of each relay. Via this interface, you can view the statistical results to ensure proper maintenance of the relay. For more information, please refer to the schematic diagrams of the modules in "Module Control".

#### 2 Alarm Information

Read and clear the first 100 alarm messages (generated on 4 alarm channels) of the last scan, including the alarm reading, the time, channel and mode of the alarm as well as the alarm channel.

#### 3 Error Information

Read and clear the first 20 error messages in the error queue. When remote command grammar error or hardware error is detected, the system displays "Error" in the user interface and stores the first 20 error messages in the error queue of the instrument. If error is still generated, the last error message in the error queue will be replaced by "Error queue overflow". At this point, the instrument will not store the new error messages unless error messages in the error queue are removed. Turning off the instrument (or using the remote command \*CLS) can clear the error queue.

# Store and Recall

M300 allows you to save the system configuration, measurement configuration and measurement data into the internal or external memory and recall them when required. Press **Store/Recall** to enter the interface as shown in the figure below.



Figure 2-31 Store and Recall

#### 1 Cursor

Press **Cursor** to move the cursor among the three areas.

- **File Type Area:** use the left/right direction keys to select the file type to be saved or read.
- Directory Area: use the up/down direction keys to select the directory of the file to be saved or read. C: disk is the local directory and holds 256 Mbytes storage space; D: disk is the external USB storage device.
- **File Area:** the read, save, and delete operations are valid only when the cursor is placed in this area.

### 2 Read

Press **Read** to read the file currently selected. This menu is valid only when the cursor is placed in the file area and the current disk contains the specified type of file.

**Note:** before reading a system configuration file, make sure that the module currently inserted and the module used when storing the configuration file is of the same type.

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#### 3 Save

Press **Save** to enter the filename input area. This menu is valid only when the cursor is placed in the file area and the current disk can store the specified type of file.

#### 4 Delete

Press **Delete** to remove the file currently selected. This menu is only valid when the cursor is placed in the file area and the current disk contains the specified type of file.

## 5 Page Dn

Press **Page Dn** to open the next page menu.

### 6 Format

Press **Format** to delete all the data under the corresponding directory. This menu is only valid when the cursor is placed in the directory area and **C**: disk is selected.

# File Type

You can store or read various types of files.

## 1 System Configuration

Store the current system configuration as a file with the suffix ".sfg" into the internal memory or external USB storage device.

The system configuration saves the states of all the modules, including all the system information (under  $\boxed{\text{Utility}} \rightarrow \text{System}$ ) except date and time and the configurations of the I/O interfaces (under  $\boxed{\text{Utility}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{I/O}}$ ).

## 2 Measurement Configuration

Store the current measurement configuration as a file with the suffix ".mfg" into the internal memory or external USB storage device.

The measurement configuration saves the scan list settings (including trigger count, trigger mode, interval for auto trigger mode and trigger edge type for external trigger) and the channel configurations (including measurement configuration, scalling configuration, alarm configuration and advanced configuration).

#### 3 Mirror Configuration

Combine the "System Configuration" and "Measurement Configuration" files into one file (with the suffix ".mir") and store it in the internal memory or the external USB storage device. The mirror configuration is the combination of the

system configuration and the measurement configuration.

#### 4 Measurement Data

Store the current measurement data as a file with the suffix ".dat" or ".csv" into the internal memory or external USB storage device.

**Note:** the file with the suffix ".csv" can only be stored in the USB storage device.

# **Internal Storage**

The internal **C:** disk holds 256 Mbytes storage space and can store four types of files, including system configuration, measurement configuration and measurement data (only ".dat" file).

# **External Storage**

The **D**: disk can store four types of files, including system configuration, measurement configuration, mirror configuration and measurement data (".dat" or ".csv" file), according to its capacity.

Before using the external storage, insert the USB storage device into the USB Host interface at the front panel. When the instrument detects the USB storage device, will be displayed in the screen status bar.



#### CAUTION

When executing operations in the **D**: disk storage area, do not remove the USB storage device.

# **To Save File**

When the current storage area can store the specified type of file, press **Save** to enter the filename input interface as shown in Figure 1-6. The length of the filename cannot exceed 12 characters. Please refer to the introduction in "**To I nput Filename**" to input the filename and press **OK** to finish the save operation.

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# Utility

Press **Utility** at the front panel to enter the utility interface in which you can set the system parameters and I/O parameters, view the system information as well as update the system.



Figure 2-32 Utility

### 1 System

Press **System** to set the system parameters such as the date, time and language. For details, refer to "**System Setting**".

### 2 1/0

Press **I/O** to configure the remote interfaces such as RS232 and LAN. For details, refer to "**I/O** Configuration".

## 3 Information

Press **Info** to view the instrument serial number, software version, etc.

#### 4 Detect

Press **Detect** to execute self-test or view the type, model, serial number and version of the module in each slot.

#### 5 Update

Insert the USB storage device with the update file. After the instrument recognizes the USB storage device, press this softkey, the instrument read the update file and finish the update automatically. The update takes into effect after restarting the instrument. Note: before updating the system, make sure the instrument power source is stable and the instrument is in non-operation state.

# **System Setting**

Press **Utility** and the instrument enters the system configuration interface by default (or press **Utility > System**).

#### **Date**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Date** and use the numeric keyboard to set the system date. The format is as follows.

YYYY-MM-DD

Wherein.

YYYY denotes "Year" and the range is from 2001 to 2099;

MM denotes "Month" and the range is from 01 to 12;

DD denotes "Date" and the range is from 01 to 28, 29, 30 or 31 (related to the YYYY and MM currently set).

### **Time**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Time** and use the numeric keyboard to set the system time. The format is as follows.

hh:mm:ss

Wherein.

hh denotes "Hour" and the range is from 00 to 23; mm denotes "Minute" and the range is from 00 to 59; ss denotes "Second" and the range is from 00 to 59.

## Tip:

The date and time forms the system time. The instrument stores the measurement data and alarm data with the time stamp during a scan. In absolute trigger mode, the instrument triggers when the system time reaches the specified time.

# Language

M300 supports Chinese and English menus and built-in help systems. All the messages and help information are displayed in the language selected. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Language** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired language.

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#### Sound

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Sound** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" to enable or disable the sound generated when operating any of the front panel keys. The current setting is stored in the no-volatile memory. When the sound is disabled, is displayed in the status bar of the user interface.

#### **DMM**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **DMM** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" to enable or disable the DMM module (MC3065). When the DMM module is disabled, the system initializes the scan list automatically.

This operation is only valid when the DMM module is inserted. If the DMM module is not inserted, this option is fixed at "OFF" and cannot be modified.

# **Factory Settings**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Factory** and the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" (the default is "OFF"). When "ON" is selected, the prompt message asking whether you want to restore all the settings to the factory setting will be displayed. Press **OK**. The factory settings are as shown in Table 2-5.

Table 2-5 Factory Settings

Parameter	Factory Setting
Scan Configuration	
Scan List	Empty
Reading Memory	Cleared
Max, Min, Average and SDEV	Cleared
Trigger Mode	Auto
Scan Interval	10 ms (use TRIGger:SOURce TIMer)
Number of Scans	1
Measurement Configuration	
Function	DCV
Range	Auto
Integration Time	1 PLC
Input Impedance	10 ΜΩ
Channel Delay	Auto
TOT Read Mode	READ
TOT Trigger Mode	Rising

Cooling Configuration	
Scaling Configuration	OFF
Scaling Configuration	
A	0
В	1
С	0
x1	0
Unit	V
Alarm Configuration	
Alarm Configuration	NONE
Alarm Mode	NONE
Alarm Channel	Alarm1
HI	0
LO	0
Alarma Champal Capfiguration	
Alarm Channel Configuration	
Alarm Queue	Not cleared
Output Status	Cleared
Output Mode	Latch
Alarm Output	Low Level
Channel Monitor	
Monitor in Progress	Stop
Module Control	
MC3132/MC3164	All channels off
MC3232/MC3264	All channels off
MC3416	All channels off
	4 DIO ports: input
MC3534	4 TOT counts: 0
	4 DAC: 0 VDC
MC3648	All channels off
MC3724	S11 and S21 are selected
System Delated	
System Related	No shange
Date	No change
Time	No change
Language	No change
Sound	ON
DMM	No change
Screen Saver	OFF
Decimal Point	

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Separator	None
Power-on	Default
Power Key	OFF
Module Plug	No change
Brightness	8
Error Queue	Not cleared

# **Power-on Settings**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Power-on** and use the left/right direction keys to select "Default" or "Last" (the configuration before the last power-off) as the initial status at power-on. If "Default" is selected, the system will be restored to its factory settings when starting up next time. The following settings always recall the configuration before the last power-off and will not be affected by "Default".

- Power Switch
- Language
- Module Plug
- I/O Configuration

## **Power-off Status**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Power-off** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" (the default is "OFF"). When "ON" is selected, the prompt message asking whether you want to restore all the settings to the status before the last power-off will be displayed. Press **OK**.

# **Preset Settings**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Preset** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" (the default is "OFF"). When "ON" is selected, the prompt message asking whether you want to restore all the settings to the preset status will be displayed. Press **OK**. The preset settings are as shown in the table below.

Table 2-6 Preset Settings

Parameter	Factory Setting
Scan Configuration	
Scan List	No change
Reading Memory	Cleared
Max, Min, Average and SDEV	Cleared
Trigger Mode	No change
Scan Interval	No change

Number of Scans	No change	
Measurement Configurati		
Function	No change	
Range	No change	
Integration Time	No change	
Input Impedance	No change	
Channel Delay	No change	
TOT Read Mode	READ	
TOT Trigger Mode	Rising	
Scaling Configuration		
Scaling Configuration	OFF	
A	No change	
В	No change	
С	No change	
x1	No change	
Unit	No change	
Alarm Configuration		
Alarm Mode	NONE	
Alarm Channel	Alarm1	
HI	0	
LO	0	
Alarm Channel Configuration	I	
Alarm Queue	No change	
Output Status	No change	
Output Mode	No change	
Alarm Output	No change	
Channel Monitor		
Monitor in Progress	Stop	
Module Control		
MC3132/MC3164	All channels off	
MC3232/MC3264	All channels off	
MC3416	All channels off	
	4 DIO ports: input	
MC3534	4 TOT counts: 0	
	4 DAC: 0 VDC	
MC3648	All channels off	
	•	

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MC3724	S11 and S21 are selected
System Related	
Date	No change
Time	No change
Language	No change
Sound	ON
DMM	No change
Screen Saver	OFF
Decimal Point	
Separator	None
Power-on	Default
Power Key	OFF
Module Plug	No change
Brightness	8
Error Queue	Not cleared

# **Screen Saver**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Saver** and use the left/right direction keys to select "OFF" or set the time to wait before entering the screen saver state.

- OFF: disable the screen saver function.
- Time: you can use the numeric keyboard to set a value between 1 and 60. The
  unit is minute and the resolution is 1 minute. The instrument enters the screen
  saver state automatically when the instrument has not been operated for the
  specified period of time.

#### Decimal

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Decimal** and use the left/right direction keys to set the display form of the decimal point of the screen data to "•" or "•".

## Separator

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Separator** and use the left/right direction keys to set the display form of the separator of the screen data to "•" (or "•"), "None" or "Space".

## Tip:

The display form of the decimal point affects the display form of the separator. The two cannot be set to "•" or "•" at the same time. There are 6 kinds of data formats.

<b>Decimal Point</b>	Separator	Example	
•	2.	10.000,00	
•	Space	10.000 00	
•	None	10.00000	
,	•	10,000.00	
,	Space	10,000 00	
9	None	10,00000	

### **Power Switch**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **PwrSW** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" to set whether the front panel power key is valid. The default is "OFF".

- ON: the front panel power key is valid. After power-on, you need to press the front panel power key to start the instrument.
- OFF: the front panel power key is invalid. After power-on, the instrument starts automatically. But, you can still use the front panel power-key to turn off the instrument.

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# **Module Plug**

None of the current M300 modules are hot-swappable. To avoid damage, you can select the mainframe response below. Use the up/down direction keys to select **Card Plug** and use the left/right direction keys to select the way in which the instrument responses to the hot plug<sup>[1]</sup> of the module.

- Restart: the instrument restarts automatically. If you insert the module during a scan, the instrument restarts and resumes the scan.
- Confirm: a prompt message is displayed. At this point, users need to confirm the module connection.
- Ignore: the instrument does not execute any operation and automatically recognize the module.

**Note**<sup>[1]</sup>: hot plug/hot swap is defined as inserting or removing the module without turning off the instrument.

# **Speed Mode**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Speed** and use the left/right keys to select "Normal" or "High". By default, "Normal" is selected.

Under "High" speed mode, "Single" in advanced source can be selected, but the operation will be invalid. At this point, if initializing a scan, the instrument will enter high speed mode and turn off the display (display the prompt message "Scanning...") to increase the scan speed when a scan is initialized. Pressing and holding Run/Stop can exit the scan. The keys except Run/Stop are all locked.

# **Brightness**

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Bright** and use the left/right keys to adjust the brightness between 0 and 15 (the default is 8). The current setting is stored in non-volatile memory.

# I/O Configuration

M300 supports RS232, GPIB, LAN and USB interfaces. After configuring proper parameters for the above interfaces, you can control M300 remotely. Press Utility → I/O to enter the interface configuration interface.

### To Set GPIB Address

Connect the instrument with the PC with GPIB card installed using GPIB cable before using the GPIB (General Purpose Interface Bus) Interface.

Each device on the GPIB interface must have a unique address. Press Utility → I/O → GPIB to enter the interface. Use the numeric keyboard to set the GPIB address to any integer between 0 and 30 and the default is "7". The address set is stored in the non-volatile memory.

### To Set USB Parameters

A USB Device interface and a USB Host interface are provided by M300. The former is used to connect computer to realize remote control and the latter is used to connect an USB storage device to store measurement data, information in screen, ect.

Before using the USB Device interface, please use the USB cable connect the USB Device interface at the rear panel of M300 and the USB Host interface of the computer and press Utility > I/O > USB to enter the USB Device setting interface in which USB ID is displayed. At this point, you can control M300 remotly via USB Device interface.

Press  $Utility \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow USB \rightarrow Host$  to enter the USB Host setting interface.

# Log Data

When "Auto" is selected, the scan data will be stored as a file in the USB storage device during a scan. When "OFF" is selected, the scan data will be stored into the internal memory.

## Export Data

Set whether the scan data stored in the internal memory will be exported to the USB storage device when a scan finishes.

#### Row Limit

If "64K" is selected, the file stored in the USB storage device can not exceeds 64K rows.

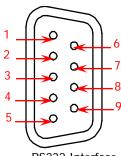
#### File Separator

Select ";", "Tab" or "," as the separator of the scan data file stored in the USB storage device.

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#### To Set RS232 Parameters

You can convert the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface at the rear panel to two 9-pin interfaces using the Mixed Interface Convert Cable (accessory). Wherein, one is a 9-pin male interface used as a standard RS232 interface (the definitions of the pins are as shown in the table below). The 9-pin female interface is used for alarm output, external trigger signal input, etc.



Pin	Name	Definition
1	DCD	Data Carrier Detect
2	RXD	Received Data
3	TXD	Transmitted Data
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	SGND	Signal Ground
6	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	Request To Send
8	CTS	Clear To Send
9	RI	Ring Indicator

RS232 Interface

Connect the RS232 interface with the PC or data terminal equipment (DTE) device using a RS232 cable and set the interface parameters (such as the baud rate and parity) to match the PC or terminal device. At this point, you can control the instrument remotely. The measurement result of the instrument can be output to serial port receiving devices via this interface.

Press  $\boxed{\text{Utility}} \rightarrow 1/0 \rightarrow \text{RS232}$  to enter the interface.

#### 1 Print

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Print** and use the left/right direction keys to select "ON" or "OFF" to enable or disable the measurement data output function of the serial port. After connecting the instrument and the computer via RS232 and enable the print function, the instrument will output the measurement readings automatically through RS232 interface when the instrument is measuring. At this point, you can capture the readings using serial port data acquisition tool.

### 2 Parity

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Parity** and use the left/right direction keys to set the parity to "None" (8 data bits), "Odd" (7 data bits) or "Even" (7 data bits). Please select a parity that matches the PC or DTE. When you set the parity, you are also indirectly setting the number of data bits. The current setting is stored in the non-volatile memory.

#### 3 Flow Control

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Flow** and use the left/right direction keys to select "NONE", "XON/XOFF", "DTR/DSR", "RTS/CTS" or "MODEM". Please

select a flow control mode that matches the PC or DTE.

#### NONE

In this mode, data is sent and received over the RS232 interface without any flow control used. When this mode is selected, please select relatively slower baud rate (lower than 9600 Baud) and please do not send data that is too long (longer than 128 characters) and does not contain end bit.

#### XON/XOFF

This mode is software flow control mode. This mode uses special characters embedded in the data stream to control the flow. If the instrument is addressed to send data, it continues sending data until the "XOFF" character (13H) is received. When the "XON" character (11H) is received, the instrument resumes sending data.

#### DTR/DSR

This mode is hardware flow control mode. The instrument monitors the state of the DSR pin. When the state goes "True", the instrument sends data over the interface. When the state goes "False", the instrument stops sending data. The instrument sets the DTR pin "False" when the input buffer is almost full (approximately 100 characters) and sets the pin "True" when space is available again.

#### RTS/CTS

This mode is hardware flow control mode and it operates the same as the DTR/DSR mode. The instrument monitors the state of the CTS pin. When the state goes "True", the instrument sends data over the interface. When the state goes "False", the instrument stops sending data. The instrument sets the RTS pin "False" when the input buffer is almost full (approximately 100 characters) and sets the pin "True" when space is available again.

#### MODEM

This mode uses the DTR/DSR and RTS/CTS pins to control the flow of data between the instrument and a modem. When the RS232 interface is selected, the instrument sets the DTR pin "True". The DSR pin is set "True" when the modem is on-line. The modem sets the CTS pin "True" when it is ready to receive data. The instrument sets the RTS pin "True" when it is ready to receive data. The instrument sets the RTS pin "False" when the input buffer is almost full (approximately 100 characters) and set the RTS pin "True" when space is available again.

#### 4 Baud Rate

Use the up/down direction keys to select **Baud** and use the left/right direction keys to select the desired value (4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and 115200). The unit is Baud. Please select a baud rate that matches the PC or DTE. The current setting is stored in the non-volatile memory.

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#### To Set LAN Parameters

Connect the instrument to the PC or the network of the PC using network cable before using the LAN interface. Press  $\boxed{\text{Utility}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{I/O}} \rightarrow \text{LAN}$  to enter the interface.

#### 1 Status

Display the current LAN Status. Use the up/down direction keys to view other information about network connection as shown in the figure below.

- Connected
- Disconnected
- LAN Configure...
- IP Conflict

#### 2 IP Mode

The IP address configuration mode can be DHCP, AutoIP or ManualIP. By default, DHCP is enabled, AutoIP and ManualIP are disabled. In different IP configuration mode, the configuration mode of network parameters (such as the IP address) is different.

### Tip

- When all the three IP configuration modes are enabled, the priority of the parameter configuration from high to low is "DHCP", "AutoIP" and "ManualIP".
- The three IP configuration modes cannot be all disabled at the same time.

### 1) DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

In this mode, the DHCP server of the current network distributes network parameters (such as the IP address) to the instrument. Use the up/down direction keys to select **DHCP** and use the left/right direction keys to enable or disable the DHCP configuration mode. By default, DHCP is enabled.

#### 2) AutoIP

In this mode, the instrument acquires an IP address from 169.254.0.1 to 169.254.255.254 and subnet mask 255.255.0.0 according to the current network configuration.

Use the up/down direction keys to select **AutoIP** and use the left/right direction keys to enable or disable the AutoIP configuration mode. By default, AutoIP is disabled.

**Note:** to acquire an IP address using this mode, you need to disable the DHCP mode. If DHCP is not disabled, the instrument will use the DHCP mode automatically.

#### 3) ManualIP

In this mode, users define the network parameters of the instrument, including the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS (Domain Name Service).

Use the up/down direction keys to select **ManualIP** and use the left/right direction keys to enable the ManualIP configuration mode. By default, ManualIP is disabled. At this point, you need to use the up/down direction keys to select **IP Addr**, **SubMask**, **Gateway** and **DNS** respectively and use the numeric keyboard to input the correct values.

**Note:** to use this mode to set the IP address, you need to disable the DHCP and AutoIP modes. Otherwise, the instrument will use the DHCP or AutoIP mode automatically.

### IP Address

The format of IP address is nnn.nnn.nnn, for example, 172.16.2.13. After enabling the ManualIP mode, use the up/down direction keys to select **IP Addr** and use the numeric keyboard to set the desired IP address.

#### Subnet Mask

The format of subnet mask is nnn.nnn.nnn, for example, 255.255.25.0. After enabling the ManualIP mode, use the up/down direction keys to select **SubMask** and use the numeric keyboard to set the desired subnet mask.

#### Gateway

The format of gateway is nnn.nnn.nnn, for example, 172.16.2.1. After enabling the ManualIP mode, use the up/down direction keys to select **Gateway** and use the numeric keyboard to set the desired gateway.

#### DNS

The format of DNS address is nnn.nnn.nnn, for example, 202.96.199.133. After enabling the ManualIP mode, use the up/down direction keys to select **DNS** and use the numeric keyboard to set the desired DNS address. Generally, users do not need to set the DNS address of the network and this parameter setting can be ignored.

## 3 VISAAddr

VISA (Virtual Instrument Software Architecture) is an advanced application programming interface developed by NI (National Instruments) for communication with various instrument buses using the same method regardless of the type of the instrument interface (GPIB, USB, LAN/Ethernet or RS232). The instrument communicating with it via the GPIB, USB, LAN/Ethernet or RS232 interface is called "Resource". The VISA address (also called VISA descriptor) refers to the resource name and describes the accurate name and position of the VISA resource. For example, if LAN interface is currently used for communicating with the instrument, the VISA descriptor

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is :TCPIP0::172.16.2.13::INSTR.

#### 4 MAC

The physical address (also called MAC (Media Access Control) address or hardware address) is used to define the position of the network device. For an instrument, the MAC address is unique. When distributing an IP address for the instrument, the MAC address is always used to distinguish the instrument. The MAC address (48 bits, namely 6 bytes) is usually denoted by a six-section hexadecimal number, for example, 00-14-0E-42-12-CF.

#### 5 Default

In the LAN parameter setting interface, press **Default** to restore the network parameters to their defaults.

## 6 Apply

In the LAN parameter setting interface, press **Apply** to configure the network parameters using the current settings.

# **System Information**

Press **Utility** → **Info** to view the model, serial number and version of the instrument.

## **Detect**

Press Utility > Detect to enter the interface as shown in the figure below. The 5 column diagrams represent the 5 slots. The corresponding slot number (such as Slot1) and the model of the module inserted into the slot are displayed below and above the column diagram respectively and the name of the module is displayed in the middle of the column diagram. Use the left/right direction keys to select the desired module (slot without module and slot with the DMM module cannot be selected) and the module currently selected is displayed in blue.

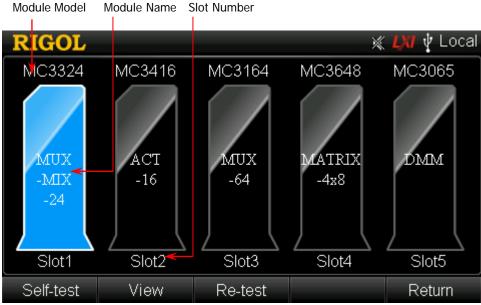


图 2-1 检测界面

#### 1 Self-test

Select the corresponding slot and press this softkey to test the module.

#### 2 View

Press this softkey to view the information of the module currently selected, including the function, model, serial number and version.

#### 3 Re-test

If the module is inserted or removed when the instrument is running, select the

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corresponding slot and press this softkey to test the module of this slot again to acquire the latest status.

# System Update

M300 can update the system by reading the update file stored in the USB storage device. Insert the USB storage device with the update file. After the instrument recognizes the USB storage device, press **Utility > Update**. Now, you can operate the instrument according to the prompts. The instrument will read the update file and finishes the update automatically. The update will take effect after you restart the instrument.



#### CAUTION

Please update the system advised by the technical support of **RIGOL** and make sure the power supply of the instrument is stable and the instrument is in non-operation state.

# **Chapter 3 Remote Control**

This chapter introduces the method to control M300 remotely. You can bulid communication between M300 and computer via USB, RS232, GPIB or LAN to realize remote control based on the SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) commands. There are two remote control methods, including user-defined programming and sending command using PC software.

Note: when the instrument is working in remote mode, Rmt is displayed in the status bar in the user interface and the keys except **Monitor**, and at the front panel are locked. At this point, you can press to exit the remote mode.

Topics in this chapter:

- User-defined Programming
- To Use PC Software

# **User-defined Programming**

Users can select desired programming tool (such as LabVIEW, Matlab, Visual C++, etc.), program and control M300 by using SCPI commands on the basis of NI-VISA (National Instrument–Virtual Instrument Software Architecture).

## 1 Install NI-VISA Library

You need to install the VISA library of NI (download from http://www.ni.com/visa/) on your PC. NI-VISA is an application program interface developed by NI according to the VISA standards. You can use NI-VISA to realize the communication between the generator and PC through instrument buses (such as USB). VISA defines a set of software commands with which users can control the instrument without the need to understand how the interface bus works. For details, please refer to NI-VISA Help.

#### 2 Build Communication between Instrument and PC

You need to build the communication between the generator and PC.

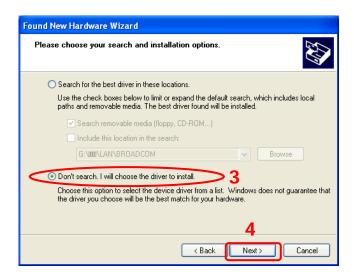
## Using USB Interface:

Use USB cable to connect M300 and PC. At this point, the hardware update wizard dialog box is displayed. Then, follow the instructions to install the "USB Test and Measurement Device (IVI)". The steps are as following:

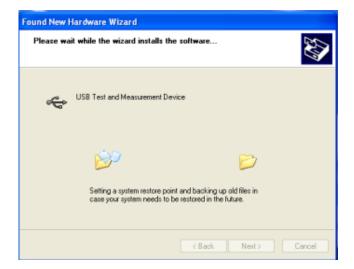
- Select "Install the software automatically (Recommended)" and click "Next":
- Select "Don't search. I will choose the driver to install" and click "Next":
- 3) Select "USB Test and Measurement Device" and click "Next";
- 4) When the installation is finished, click "Finish".



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## Using RS232 Interface:

Convert the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface at the rear panel to two 9-pin interfaces using the Mixed Interface Convert Cable (accessory). Wherein, one is a 9-pin male interface used as a standard RS232 interface. Connect this interface with the computer using RS232 cable and set proper parameters according to "**To Set RS232 Parameters**".

# Using LAN Interface:

Connect M300 to the LAN of the computer and set proper parameters according to "**To Set LAN Parameters**".

## Using GPIB Interface:

Connect M300 with the PC with GPIB card installed using GPIB cable before using the GPIB (General Purpose Interface Bus) Interface and set proper parameters according to "To Set GPIB Address".

#### 3 Programming

Then, you can select a familiar software developing tool (such as LabVIEW, Matlab, Visual C++, etc.) for programming. For detailed information about SCPI commands and programming method of M300, refer to M300 Programming Guide.

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# To Use PC Software

You can control the instrument remotely by sending SCPI commands using PC software. PC software supported by M300 includes **RIGOL** Ultra Sigma, NI Measurement & Automation Explore and Agilent IO Libraries Suite. This section introduces in details how to use Ultra Sigma to send commands through multiple interfaces to control M300. Please refer to Ultra Sigma Help to install the software and the components required correctly. About how to acquire the Ultra Sigma software, please contact with **RIGOL**.

# To Control M300 through USB

#### 1 Connect the devices

Connect M300 (USB Device) with your PC (USB Host) using USB cable.

#### 2 Install the USB drive

As this instrument is a USB-TMC device, after you connect it to the PC and turn both on, the PC will display the hardware update wizard dialog box. Please install the "USB Test and Measurement Device (IVI)" driver following the directions of the wizard. The detailed steps are the same as the instruction in "**User-defined Programming**".

#### 3 Search device resource

Start up Ultra Sigma, the software starts searching the generator resources currently connected to the PC automatically, or click USB-TMC to search manually. The status bar of Ultra Sigma at present is as shown in the figure below:

#### 4 View the resource

The resources that have been searched successfully are shown under the "RIGOL Online Resource" catalog and the instrument model and the USB interface information are also displayed, as shown in the figure below.



#### 5 Communicate test

Right click the resource name "M300"

(USB0::0x1AB1::0x0C80::M3001111333::INSTR)" and select "SCPI Panel Control" to open the remote command control panel through which users can send commands and read data, as shown in the figure below.



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# To Control M300 through RS232

#### 1 Connect the devices

Convert the **[RS-232/Alarms/Ext Trig]** interface at the rear panel to two 9-pin interfaces using the Mixed Interface Convert Cable (accessory). Wherein, one is a 9-pin male interface used as a standard RS232 interface. Connect this interface with the computer using RS232 cable.

## 2 Set the RS232 parameters

Set proper parameters according to "To Set RS232 Parameters".

### 3 Search device resource

Start up Ultra Sigma and click to open the setting panel as shown in the figure below. Set the matched paremeters (\r\n must be selected in End Mark) and click TEST. If the test succeeds, the instrument resources searched will be displayed in the right resource list. If not, please process according to the prompt message.



#### 4 View the resource

Click "OK" to return the main interface of Ultra Sigma. The resources that have been searched successfully are shown under the "RIGOL Online Resource" catalog.



## 5 Communicate test

Right click the resource name "M300 (ASRL1::INSTR)" and select "SCPI Panel Control" to open the remote command control panel through which users can send commands and read data.



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# To Control M300 through LAN

#### 1 Connect the devices

Connect M300 to your computer or the LAN of the computer using network cable.

## 2 Configure LAN parameters

### 1) DHCP mode:

If the network supports DHCP, the DHCP server in the network assigns network parameters (IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and DNS) for M300 automatically.

#### 2) Auto IP mode:

When the network doesn't support DHCP, the DHCP mode of M300 is disabled, or M300 is connected to the PC directly, the instrument selects Auto IP mode and acquires the IP address from 169.254.0.1 to 169.254.255.254, and subnet mask 255.255.0.0 automatically.

#### 3) Manual IP mode:

Enable the Manual IP mode and disable the DHCP mode as well as the Auto IP mode to set the network parameters manually.

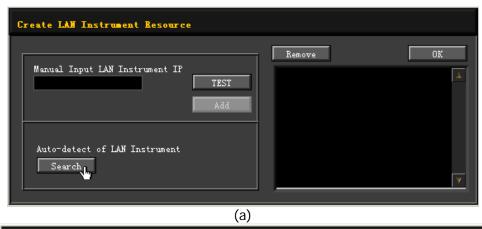
If M300 is connected to the PC directly, set the IP Addresses, Subnet Masks and Gateways for both of the PC and the instrument. The Subnet Masks and Gateways of M300 and PC must be the same and the IP Addresses of them must be within the same network segment (for details, refer to the TCP/IP protocol). An example is shown in the table below.

Network Parameters	PC	Instrument
IP Address	192.16.3.3	192.16.3.8
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.16.3.1	192.16.3.1

If your M300 is connected to the LAN of your PC, please acquire a set of valid network parameters (IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and DNS) and configure the network parameters of the instrument according to the description in "To Set LAN Parameters".

#### 3 Search device resource

Start up Ultra Sigma, click and click and click search in the pop-up window. Ultra Sigma searches for the instrument resources currently connected to the LAN and the resources found are displayed at the right of the window. Select the desired resource name and click to add it, as shown in the figures below.





### 4 View device resource

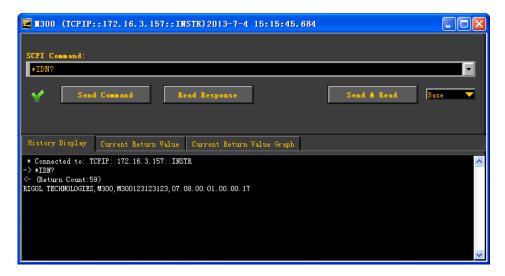
The resources found will appear under the "RIGOL Online Resource" directory as shown in the figure below.



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#### 5 Communication test

Right click the resource name "M300(TCPIP::172.16.3.157::INSTR)" to select "SCPI Panel Control" to turn on the remote command control panel (as shown in the figure below) through which you can send commands and read data.



#### 6 Load LXI webpage

As this instrument conforms to LXI Core Device 2011 standards, you can load the LXI webpage through Ultra Sigma (right-click the resource name and select LXI-Web; or directly input the IP address in the browser). Information about the instrument (model, manufacturer, serial number, description, MAC address and IP address) will be displayed on the webpage.

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### To Control M300 through GPIB

#### 1 Connect the device

Connect the instrument with the PC with GPIB card installed using GPIB cable before using the GPIB (General Purpose Interface Bus) Interface.

#### 2 Install the driver of GPIB card

Install the driver of the GPIB card which has been connected to the PC correctly.

#### 3 Set the GPIB address

Set the GPIB address of the instrument according to the description in "**To Set GPIB Address**".

#### 4 Search device resource

Start up the **Ultra Sigma** and click to open the panel as shown in the figure below. Click "Search" and the software will search the GPIB instrument resources connected to the PC. The device resources will be displayed on the right side of the panel.



#### If resources cannot be found automatically:

Select the GPIB card address of the PC from the comboBox of "GPIB::" and select the GPIB address set in the instrument from the comboBox of "::INSTR". Click "Test" to check whether the GPIB communication works normally; if not, please follow the corresponding prompt messages to solve the problem.

#### 5 View device resource

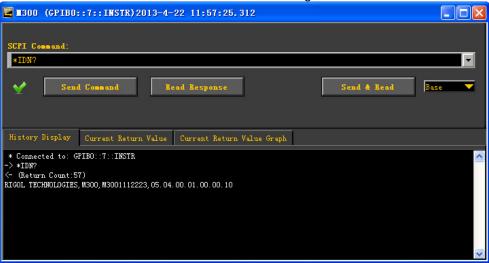
Click to return back to the main interface of Ultra Sigma. The resources found will appear under the "RIGOL Online Resource" directory as shown in the figure below.

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#### 6 Communication Test

Right-click the resource name "M300 (GPIB0::7::INSTR)" to select "SCPI Panel Control" to turn on the remote command control panel through which you can send commands and read data as shown in the figure below.



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### **Chapter 4 Troubleshooting**

This section lists some questions and failures which might occur when using this instrument. Please solve them according to the following method. If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL** and provide the device information of your instrument ( $\boxed{\textbf{Utility}} \rightarrow \boxed{\textbf{Info}}$ ).

#### 1. The instrument does not start.

- 1) Check the power cable connection.
- 2) Check whether the power switch at the front panel is turned on.
- 3) Remove the power cord and check whether the voltage selector is at the proper scale and whether the fuse specification is correct and the fuse is in good condition. To replace the fuse refer to the instructions.
- 4) Restart the instrument after executing the above steps.
- 5) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

#### 2. The USB storage device cannot be recognized.

- 1) Check whether the USB storage device can work normally.
- 2) Make sure the USB storage device used is Flash storage type, as this instrument does not support hardware storage type USB storage device.
- 3) Restart the instrument and insert the USB storage device to check it.
- 4) If the USB storage device still cannot work normally, please contact **RIGOL**.

# 3. How to recover the configurations from the last power failure or unexpected shutdown and continue the work before the shutdown automatically?

- 1) Restart the instrument.
- Press Utility → System, select Power-off using the up/down direction keys and select "ON" using the left/right direction keys.

#### 4. The screen is too dark?

Press **Utility > System**, select **Brightness** using the up/down direction keys and set the proper brightness using the left/right direction keys.

#### 5. The instrument is locked?

- 1) Check whether the instrument is in remote mode (namely check whether "Rmt" is displayed in the status bar of the interface). If yes, press the key to exit the remote mode and unlock the instrument.
- 2) Check whether the front panel of the instrument is locked (namely check whether is displayed in the status bar of the interface). If yes, press and hold the key to unlock the front panel.
- 3) Check whether a progress bar is displayed in the interface. If yes, please wait for a moment and operate the instrument when the progress bar

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disappears.

4) If the problem remains, please restart the instrument.

#### 6. How to change the system language?

Press <u>Utility</u>  $\rightarrow$  **System**, select **Language** using the up/down direction keys and select your desired language using the left/right direction keys.

## 7. How to view the information and model number of the plug-in modules?

Press **Utility Test**, select the desired module using the left/right direction keys and press **View** to view the information of the module currently selected, including the function, model, serial number and version.

## 8. The corresponding indicator at the front panel does not go on when the module has been inserted?

- Press <u>Utility</u> → <u>Test</u>, select the desired module using the left/right direction keys and press <u>Re-test</u>. If the problem remains, press <u>View</u> to view the information of the module.
- 2) If the information of the module does not been displayed correctly, please refer to the problem 9.
- If the information of the module is displayed correctly, the module indicator is possibly damaged, please contact **RIGOL** to consult maintenance information.

### 9. Unable to view the information of the module or unable to use the module when the module has been inserted?

- 1) Turn the mainframe off, pluck the module from the mainframe and insert the module into the mainframe again firmly.
- 2) Restart the mainframe, wait for about 1 minute and view the module information again.
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

## 10. Unable to do the configurations or operations related to the DMM module when it has been inserted?

- Ensure the setting of <u>Utility</u> → <u>System</u> → <u>DMM</u> is "ON". If the problem remains, please refer to the next step.
- 2) Press Utility → Test, select the DMM module using the left/right direction keys and press View to view the information of the DMM module. If the information does not been displayed or displayed correctly, the DMM module is abnormal due to high current or power load failure probably. At this point, please turn the mainframe off and restart it a few minutes later.
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

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#### 11. The GPIB interface does not work normally?

- 1) Check whether the cable works normally and the connection is correct and reliable.
- 2) Ensure the GPIB addresses of M300 and computer are identical.
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

#### 12. The USB Device interface does not work normally?

- 1) Check whether the cable works normally and the connection is correct and reliable.
- 2) Check whether the "USB Test and Measurement Device" drive program has been installed in your computer (namely check whether "USB Test and Measurement Devices" is displayed in the device manager of your computer).
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

#### 13. The RS232 interface does not work normally?

- 1) Ensure the RS232 parameters (baud rate, etc.) of M300 and computer are identical. If the problem remains, please refer to the next step.
- 2) Check whether the RS232 cable is a cross line.
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

#### 14. The LAN interface does not work normally?

- 1) Check whether the cable works normally and the connection is correct and reliable.
- 2) Check the IP address configuration mode:
  - If DHCP is enabled, please ensure the network supports DHCP mode and can distributes network parameters (such as the IP address) to the instrument automatically.
  - If DHCP is disabled and Auto IP is enabled, please ensure the IP addresses of M300 and computer is in the same network segment.
  - If Manual IP is enabled, please ensure the IP addresses of M300 and computer is in the same network segment.
- 3) If the problem remains, please contact **RIGOL**.

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### **Chapter 5 Specifications**

### **DC Characteristics**

Accuracy Specifications: ± (% of reading + % of range) [1]

		-		Accuracy 5	zecineations. ± (70	Or reading + 76 Or range)
Function	Range <sup>[2]</sup>	Test Current or Load Voltage	24 Hour <sup>[3]</sup> T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±1℃	90 Day T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	1 Year T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	Temperature Coefficient $0^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ to $(T_{CAL}^{\circ}\mathbb{C}-5^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$ $(T_{CAL}^{\circ}\mathbb{C}+5^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$ to $50^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
	200.0000mV	-	0.0020+ 0.0020	0.0030 + 0.0025	0.0040 + 0.0025	0.0005 + 0.0005
	2.000000V	-	0.0015 + 0.0005	0.0020 + 0.0006	0.0035 + 0.0006	0.0005 + 0.0001
DC Voltage	20.00000V	-	0.0020 + 0.0004	0.0030 + 0.0005	0.0040 + 0.0005	0.0005 + 0.0001
	200.0000V	-	0.0020 + 0.0006	0.0040 + 0.0006	0.0050 + 0.0006	0.0005 + 0.0001
	300.000V	-	0.0020 + 0.0006	0.0040 + 0.0010	0.0055 + 0.0010	0.0005 + 0.0001
	200.0000μΑ	<0.03V	0.010 + 0.012	0.040 + 0.015	0.050 + 0.015	0.0020 + 0.0030
	2.00000mA	<0.25V	0.007 + 0.003	0.030 + 0.003	0.050 + 0.003	0.0020 + 0.0005
DC Current	20.00000mA	<0.07V	0.007 + 0.012	0.030 + 0.015	0.050 + 0.015	0.0020 + 0.0020
	200.0000mA	<0.7V	0.010 + 0.002	0.030 + 0.003	0.050 + 0.003	0.0020 + 0.0005
	1.000000A	<0.12V	0.050 + 0.020	0.080 + 0.020	0.100 + 0.020	0.0050 + 0.0010
	200.0000Ω	1mA	0.0030 + 0.0030	0.008 + 0.004	0.010 + 0.004	0.0006 + 0.0005
	2.000000kΩ	1mA	0.0020 + 0.0005	0.008 + 0.001	0.010 + 0.001	0.0006 + 0.0001
Resistance	20.00000kΩ	100μΑ	0.0020 + 0.0005	0.008 + 0.001	0.010 + 0.001	0.0006 + 0.0001
[4]	200.0000kΩ	10μΑ	0.0020 + 0.0005	0.008 + 0.001	0.010 + 0.001	0.0006 + 0.0001
	$1.000000$ M $\Omega$	2μΑ	0.002 + 0.001	0.010 + 0.001	0.012 + 0.001	0.0010 + 0.0002
	10.00000ΜΩ	200nA	0.015 + 0.001	0.030 + 0.001	0.040 + 0.001	0.0030 + 0.0004
	100.0000ΜΩ	200nA    10MΩ	0.300 + 0.010	0.800 + 0.010	0.800 + 0.010	0.1500 + 0.0002

<sup>[1]</sup> Specifications are for 90-minute warm-up and 100 PLC integration time.

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<sup>[2] 10%</sup> overrange on all ranges.

<sup>[3]</sup> Relative to calibration standards.

<sup>[4]</sup> Specifications are for 4–wire resistance measurement. Add 0.2 Ω additional error in 2-wire resistance measurement.

#### **Measuring Characteristics**

DC Voltage	
Input Impedance	200mV, 2V, 20V ranges: $10$ M $\Omega$ or $>10$ G $\Omega$
	(For these ranges, input beyond $\pm 26$ V are clamped through $106 \text{ k}\Omega$ )
	200V and 300V ranges: $10M\Omega\pm1\%$
Input Protection	300V
Input Offset Current	50pA, at 25℃, typical
CMRR (common mode	140 dB for 1 kΩ unbalanced resistance in LO lead, ±300 VDC peak maximum.
rejection ratio)	
Resistance	
Measurement Method	4-wire or 2-wire resistance
	Current source referenced to LO input
Open-circuit Voltage	Limited to <10 V
Max. Lead Resistance	10% of range per lead for 200 $\Omega$ and 2 k $\Omega$ ranges, 1 k $\Omega$ per lead on all other ranges
(4-wire)	
Input Protection	300V on all ranges
Offset Compensation	Available on 200 $\Omega$ , 2 k $\Omega$ and 20 k $\Omega$ ranges.
DC Current	
Shunt Resistor	100 Ω for 200 uA, 2 mA
	$1~\Omega$ for 20 mA , 200 mA
	0.01 Ω for 2 A, 10 A
A	

#### **Auto Zero OFF Operation (typical value)**

Following instrument warm-up at the environment temperature  $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C and <5 minutes, add 0.0001 % range + 2 uV error for DCV and 2 m $\Omega$  error for resistance.

#### **Settling Considerations**

Reading settling times are affected by source impedance, cable dielectric characteristics and input signal changes. The default measurement delay can ensure the correctness of the first reading for most measurements.

#### **Measurement Considerations**

Teflon or other high-impedance, low-dielectric absorption wire insulation is recommended for these measurements.

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Chapter 5 Specifications RIGOL

### **AC Characteristics**

Accuracy Specifications: ± (% of reading + % of range) [1]

Function	Range <sup>[2]</sup>	Frequency Range	24 Hour <sup>[3]</sup>	90 Day	1 Year	Temperature Coefficient
			T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±1℃	T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	0℃ to (T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃-5℃)
						(T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃+5℃) to 50℃
True	200.0000mV	3Hz- 5Hz	1.00 + 0.03	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	0.100 + 0.004
RMS AC		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.03	0.35 + 0.04	0.35 + 0.04	0.035 + 0.004
Voltage [4]		10Hz-20kHz	0.04 + 0.03	0.05 + 0.04	0.06 + 0.04	0.005 + 0.004
[4]		20kHz-50kHz	0.10 + 0.05	0.11 + 0.05	0.12 + 0.05	0.011 + 0.005
		50kHz-100kHz	0.55 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.060 + 0.008
		100kHz- 300kHz	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	0.20 + 0.02
	2.00000V	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.02	1.00 + 0.03	1.00 + 0.03	0.100 + 0.003
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.02	0.35 + 0.03	0.35 + 0.03	0.035 + 0.003
		10Hz-20kHz	0.04 + 0.02	0.05 + 0.03	0.06 + 0.03	0.005 + 0.003
		20kHz-50kHz	0.10 + 0.04	0.11 + 0.05	0.12 + 0.05	0.011 + 0.005
		50kHz-100kHz	0.55 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.060 + 0.008
		100kHz-300kHz	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	0.20 + 0.02
	20.00000V	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.03	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	0.100 + 0.004
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.03	0.35 + 0.04	0.35 + 0.04	0.035 + 0.004
		10Hz-20kHz	0.04 + 0.04	0.07 + 0.04	0.08 + 0.04	0.008 + 0.004
		20kHz- 50kHz	0.10 + 0.05	0.12 + 0.05	0.15 + 0.05	0.012 + 0.005
		50kHz-100kHz	0.55 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.060 + 0.008
		100kHz-300kHz	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	4.00 + 0.50	0.20 + 0.02
	200.0000V	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.02	1.00 + 0.03	1.00 + 0.03	0.100 + 0.003
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.02	0.35 + 0.03	0.35 + 0.03	0.035 + 0.003
		10Hz-20kHz	0.04 + 0.02	0.07 + 0.03	0.08 + 0.03	0.008 + 0.003
		20kHz-50kHz	0.10 + 0.04	0.12 + 0.05	0.15 + 0.05	0.012 + 0.005
		50kHz-100kHz	0.55 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.060 + 0.008
		100kHz-300kHz	4.0 + 0.50	4.0 + 0.50	4.0 + 0.50	0.20 + 0.02

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	300.000V	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.02	1.00 + 0.03	1.00 + 0.03	0.100 + 0.003
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.02	0.35 + 0.03	0.35 + 0.03	0.035 + 0.003
		10Hz-20kHz	0.04 + 0.02	0.07 + 0.03	0.08 + 0.03	0.008 + 0.003
		20kHz-50kHz	0.10 + 0.04	0.12 + 0.05	0.15 + 0.05	0.012 + 0.005
		50kHz-100kHz	0.55 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.60 + 0.08	0.060 + 0.008
		100kHz-300kHz	4.0 + 0.50	4.0 + 0.50	4.0 + 0.50	0.20 + 0.02
True	200.0000μΑ	3Hz-5Hz	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	0.200 + 0.006
RMS AC		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.100 + 0.006
Current		10Hz-5kHz	0.15 + 0.06	0.15 + 0.06	0.15 + 0.06	0.015 + 0.006
[8]		5kHz-10kHz	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.030 + 0.006
	2.00000mA	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	0.100 + 0.006
		5Hz-10Hz	0.30 + 0.04	0.30 + 0.04	0.30 + 0.04	0.035 + 0.006
		10Hz-5kHz	0.12 + 0.04	0.12 + 0.04	0.12 + 0.04	0.015 + 0.006
		5kHz-10kHz	0.20 + 0.25	0.20 + 0.25	0.20 + 0.25	0.030 + 0.006
	20.0000mA	3Hz-5Hz	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	0.200 + 0.006
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.100 + 0.006
		10Hz-5kHz	0.15 + 0.06	0.15 + 0.06	0.15+ 0.06	0.015 + 0.006
		5kHz-10kHz	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.030 + 0.006
	200.0000mA	3Hz-5Hz	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	1.00 + 0.04	0.100 + 0.006
		5Hz-10Hz	0.30 + 0.04	0.30 + 0.04	0.30 + 0.04	0.035 + 0.006
		10Hz-5kHz	0.10 + 0.04	0.10 + 0.04	0.10 + 0.04	0.015 + 0.006
		5kHz-10kHz	0.20 + 0.25	0.20 + 0.25	0.20 + 0.25	0.030 + 0.006
	1.00000A	3Hz-5Hz	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	1.10 + 0.06	0.100 + 0.006
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.35 + 0.06	0.035 + 0.006
		10Hz-5kHz	0.15 + 0.06	0.15 + 0.06	0.15 + 0.06	0.015 + 0.006
		5kHz-10kHz	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.35 + 0.70	0.030 + 0.006
		5Hz-10Hz	0.35 + 0.08	0.35 + 0.10	0.35 + 0.10	0.035 + 0.008
		10Hz-5kHz	0.15 + 0.08	0.15 + 0.10	0.15 + 0.10	0.015 + 0.008

<sup>[1]</sup> Specifications are for 90-minute warm-up, slow ac filter and sine wave input.

<sup>[2] 10%</sup> overrange on all ranges.

<sup>[3]</sup> Relative to calibration standards.

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[4] Specifications are for sine wave input >5% of range. For inputs from 1% to 5% of range and <50 kHz, add 0.1% of range additional error. For 50 kHz to 100 kHz, add 0.13% of range.

- [5] When the frequency is lower than 100 Hz, the specification of slow filter is only for sine wave input.
- [6] Specifications are for sine wave input >5% of range. For inputs from 1% to 5% of range, add 0.1% of range additional error. Specifications are typical values for 200 uA, 2 mA, 2 A and 10 A ranges when frequency is >1 kHz.

#### **Measuring Characteristics**

True RMS AC Voltage	
Measurement Method	AC-coupled True-RMS measure the ac component of input with up to 300 V DC bias on any range.
Crest Factor	≤ 5 at full range
Input Impedance	1 M $\Omega$ ± 2%, in parallel with <150 pF capacitance on any range
Input Protection	300 V rms on all ranges
AC Filter Bandwidth	Slow: 3 Hz – 300 kHz
	Medium: 20 Hz – 300 kHz
	Fast: 200 Hz – 300 kHz
CMRR (common mode	70 dB, for the 1 k $\Omega$ unbalance in LO lead, <60 Hz common mode signal frequency, $\pm 500$ VDC peak maximum.
rejection ratio)	
True RMS AC Current	
Measurement Method	Direct coupled to the fuse and shunt; AC-coupled True RMS measurement (measure the AC component).
Crest Factor	≤ 3 at full range
Max. Input	DC + AC current peak value <300% of range. Current with DC current component <10 A rms.
Shunt Resistor	100 Ω for 200 uA, 2 mA
	$1~\Omega$ for 20 mA , 200 mA
	0.01 Ω for 1 A
Settling Time Considerations	

The default measurement delay of the multimeter can ensure the correctness of the first readings of most of the measurements. Make sure the RC circuit of input terminal has been fully settled (about 1 s) before accurate measurement.

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### **Frequency and Period Characteristics**

Accuracy Specifications: ± (% of reading) [1] [2]

Function	Range	Frequency Range	24 Hour <sup>[3]</sup>	90 Day	1 Year	Temperature Coefficient
			T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±1℃	T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	0°C to (T <sub>CAL</sub> °C-5°C)
						(T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃+5℃)to 50℃
Frequency,	200mV to	3 Hz-5 Hz	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.005
Period	300V	5 Hz-10 Hz	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.005
		10 Hz-40 Hz	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.001
		40 Hz-300 kHz	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.001
		300 kHz-1 MHz	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.001

#### Additional Low Frequency Errors: (% of reading)

Frequency	Gate Time (Resolution)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1 s (0.1 ppm)	0.1 s (1 ppm)	0.01 s (10 ppm)	0.001 s (100 ppm)
3 Hz-5Hz	0	0.12	0.12	0.12
5 Hz-10Hz	0	0.17	0.17	0.17
10 Hz-40Hz	0	0.20	0.20	0.20
40 Hz-100Hz	0	0.06	0.21	0.21
100 Hz-300Hz	0	0.03	0.21	0.21
300 Hz-1 kHz	0	0.01	0.07	0.07
>1kHz	0	0	0.02	0.02

- [1] Specifications are for 90 minutes warm-up and 1 s gate time.
- [2] For frequency ≤300 kHz, the specification is for AC input voltage of 10% to 110% of range. For frequency >300 kHz, the specification is for AC input voltage of 20% to 110% of range. The maximum input is limited to 750 Vrms or 8 x 10<sup>7</sup> Volts-Hz (whichever is less). 200 mV range is full range input or input that is larger than the full range. For 20 mV to 200 mV inputs, multiply % of reading error by 10.

[3] Relative to calibration standards.

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#### **Measuring Characteristics**

Frequency and Period	
Measurement Method	Reciprocal-counting technique, AC-coupled input using the AC voltage function.
Input Impedance	$1 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 2\%$ , in parallel with <150 pF capacitance on any range
Input Protection	300 Vrms on all ranges
Measurement Consideration	ne

All frequency counters are susceptible to error when measuring low-voltage, low-frequency signals. Shielding inputs from external noise pickup is critical for minimizing measurement errors.

#### **Settling Considerations**

Errors will occur when attempting to measure the frequency or period of an input following a dc offset voltage change. The input blocking RC time constant must be allowed to fully settle (about 1 s) before the most accurate measurements are possible.

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### **Temperature Characteristics**

Accuracy Specifications [1]

Function	Probe Type	Туре	Optimum Range	1 Year	Temperature Coefficient
Tunction	Trobe Type	Турс	Optimum Kange	T <sub>CAL</sub> ℃±5℃	0°C to (T <sub>CAL</sub> °C-5°C)
				I CAL C ± 3 C	$(T_{CAL}^{\circ}C+5^{\circ}C)$ to $50^{\circ}C$
Temperature	P.T.D.[2]	a=0.00385	-200℃ to 660℃	0.16℃	0.01°C
	RTD <sup>[2]</sup>	a=0.00389	-200℃ to 660℃	0.17℃	0.01℃
	$(R_0 \text{ is within } 49)$	a=0.00391	-200℃ to 660℃	0.14℃	0.01℃
	$\Omega$ and 2.1 k $\Omega$ )	a=0.00392	-200℃ to 60℃	0.15℃	0.01℃
		2.2 kΩ	-40℃ to 150℃	0.08℃	0.002℃
	The same of	3 kΩ	-40℃ to 150℃	0.08℃	0.002℃
	Thermal Resistance	5 kΩ	-40℃ to 150℃	0.08℃	0.002℃
		10 kΩ	-40℃ to 150℃	0.08℃	0.002℃
		30 kΩ	-40℃ to 150℃	0.08℃	0.002℃
		В	0°C to 1820°C	0.76℃	0.14℃
		Е	-270℃ to 1000℃	0.5℃	0.02℃
		J	-210℃ to 1200℃	0.5℃	0.02℃
	Thormogouplo [3]	K	-270℃ to 1372℃	0.5℃	0.03℃
Thermocouple <sup>[3]</sup>	N	-270℃ to 1300℃	0.5℃	0.04℃	
		R	-50℃ to 1768.1℃	0.5℃	0.09℃
		S	-50℃ to 1768.1℃	0.6℃	0.11℃
		Т	-270℃ to 400℃	0.5℃	0.03℃

<sup>[1]</sup> Specifications are for 90 minutes warm-up. Probe error excluded.

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<sup>[2]</sup> Specification is for 4WR resistance measurement.

<sup>[3]</sup> Relative to cold junction temperature, accuracy is based on ITS-90. Built-in cold junction temperature refers to the temperature inside the banana jack and its accuracy is  $\pm 2.5~$  °C.

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#### Measuring Characteristics

modeaning onal determented	
Thermocouple	
Conversion	ITS-90 software compensation
Reference Junction Type	Internal, Fixed, or External
T/C Check	Selectable per channel. When the channel resistance is $>5k\Omega$ , it is considered as Open.
RTD	
Alpha	= 0.00385 (DIN/IEC 751): using ITS-90 software compensation;
-	= 0.00389, 0.00391 or 0.00392: using IPTS-68 software compensation
Thermistor	
	44004, 44007, 44006 series
Measurement Consideration	

The built-in cold junction temperature tracks the temperature inside the terminal block. The change of temperature in the terminal block might cause additional error. When using the built-in cold junction compensation, connect the sensor terminal of the thermocouple to the terminal block and warm it up for more than 3 minutes to minimize the error.

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### **Module Specifications**

#### MC3132/MC3164/MC3232/MC3264/MC3324/MC3416/MC3648

	Multiplexer					Actuator	Matrix
General	MC3132	MC3164	MC3232	MC3264	MC3324	MC3416	MC3648
Number of Channels	32	64	32	64	20 Voltage+4 Current	16	4×8
	2/4 wire	2 wire	2/4 wire	2 wire	2/4 wire	SPDT	2 wire
Connect to DMM Module?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Scanning Speed <sup>[1]</sup>	60Ch/s	60Ch/s	250Ch/s	250Ch/s	60Ch/s		
Open/Close Speed	200Ch/s	200Ch/s	1000Ch/s	1000Ch/s	200Ch/s	200Ch/s	200Ch/s
			Maximum	Input			
Voltage (DC, AC rms)	300Vrms	300Vrms	150Vrms	150Vrms	300Vrms	300Vrms	300Vrms
Current (DC, AC rms)	1Arms	1Arms	100mArms	100mArms	1Arms	2Arms	1Arms
Power (W, VA)	50VA	50VA	5VA	5VA	50VA	60VA	50VA
Isolation (ch-ch, ch-earth) (DC, AC rms)	300Vrms	300Vrms	150Vrms	150Vrms	300Vrms	300Vrms	300Vrms
			DC Charact	eristics			
Offset Voltage	5uV	5uV	<40uV	<40uV	5uV	<3uV	5uV
Initial Closed Channel Resistance	<1Ω	<1Ω	<1.5Ω	<1.5Ω	<1Ω	<0.1Ω	<1Ω
Isolation (ch-ch, ch-earth)	>10GΩ	>10GΩ	>10GΩ	>10GΩ	>10GΩ	>10GΩ	>10GΩ
AC Characteristics							
Bandwidth	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz
Ch-Ch Cross Talk (dB) <sup>[2]</sup> 1MHz	-45	-18 <sup>[3]</sup>	-40	-33	-45	-15	-18
Capacitance HI-LO	100pF	100pF	<80pF	<80pF	100pF	<500pF	100pF
Capacitance LO-Earth	200pF	200pF	<200pF	<200pF	200pF	<200pF	200pF

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Volt-Hertz Limit	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>
			Othe	r			
T/C Cold Junction Accuracy (Typical)	0.8℃	0.8°C <sup>[4]</sup>	0.8℃	0.8℃	0.8℃		
Switch Life (No Load) (Typical)	100M	100M	100M	100M	100M	100M	100M
Switch Life (Rated Load) (Typical) [5]	100K	100K	100K	100K	100K	100K	100K
Operating Temperature	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃	0℃ - 55℃
Storage Temperature	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃	-20℃ – 70℃
Humidity (non-condensing)	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH	40℃ / 80% RH

- [1] Integration time: 0.02PLC, channel delay: 0, auto zero: off, alarm: off, scaling: off, display: off, data to internal memory.
- [2] 50Ω load
- [3] Isolation within banks is -40dB
- [4] Specifications are for the LO setting and not the temperature of the cold terminal
- [5] Applies to resistive loads only

#### MC3534

Digital Input/Ou	utput (DIO)						
Port 1,2,3,4	8-bit, input or outp	8-bit, input or output, non-isolated					
Туре	Vin(L)	Vin(H)	Vout(L)	Vout(H)	Vin(H) Max		
TTL	<0.8V	>2.0V	<0.2V@I <sub>out</sub> =-500mA	>4.8V@I <sub>out</sub> =1mA	<42V with external open		
5V CMOS	<1.5V	>3.5V	<0.2V@I <sub>out</sub> =-500mA	>4.8V@I <sub>out</sub> =1mA	drain pull-up		
3.3V CMOS	<1.0V	>2.3V	<0.2V@I <sub>out</sub> =-500mA	>3.15V@I <sub>out</sub> =1mA			
2.5V CMOS	<0.75V	>1.75V	<0.2V@I <sub>out</sub> =-500mA	>2.35V@I <sub>out</sub> =1mA			
User defined	Threshold-0.3V	Threshold+0.3V	<0.2V@I <sub>out</sub> =-500mA	>(Level-0.2V)@I <sub>out</sub> =1mA			
Alarming	Match or mismatch, maskable				Match or mismatch, maskable		
Speed	4ms (Max) alarm s	ampling			4ms (Max) alarm sampling		

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Latency	5ms		5ms
Read/Write	100/s		100/s
Speed			
Totalizer Input (	ТОТ)		
	High Speed (TOT1,TOT2)	Normal Speed (TOT3,T0	OT4)
Maximum Count	2 <sup>32</sup> -1	2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
Totalizer Input	10MHz (max), rising or falling edge, programmable	100kHz (max), rising or falling edge, programmak	ole
Signal Level	CMOS 3.3V, 5V tolerable	1Vp-p(min), 42Vpk(max), Vcm=-12V~+12V	
Threshold	Fixed at CMOS 3.3V	-12V~+12V, programmable	
Gated Input	CMOS 3.3V-Hi, CMOS 3.3V-Lo or none,	CMOS 3.3V-Hi, CMOS 3.3V-Lo or none,	
	5V tolerance	5V tolerance	
Count Reset	Manual or Read + Reset	Manual or Read + Reset	
Read Speed	100/s	100/s	
Analog Voltage C	Output (DAC)		
DAC 1,2,3,4	±12V, non-isolated (earth referenced)		
Resolution	1mV		
lout	10mA max <sup>[1]</sup>		
Setting Time	1ms to 0.01% of output		
Accuracy	±(% output + mV)		
1 year±5℃	0.25%+20mV		
Temp	±(0.015%+1mV)/℃		·
Coefficient			

[1] No limit for 5 slots (20 DAC channels)

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### **General Specifications**

Display	4.3 inches
Power Supply	AC 100V - 120V, 45Hz - 440Hz
	AC 200V - 240V, 45Hz - 66Hz
	Detect the power frequency automatically at power-on, 400 Hz defaults to 50 Hz
Power Consumption	25 VA Max
Working Environment	Full accuracy for 0°C to 50°C
	Full accuracy to 80% R.H. at 40°C Non-coagulation
Storage Temperature	-40℃ to 70℃
Operation Altitude	Up to 2000m
Safety	IEC 61010-1; EN 61010-1; UL 61010-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1
	Measurement CAT I 1000V/CAT II 300V
	Pollution Degree 2
EMC	EN 61326-1
Weight	About 5.7 kg (without package)
Dimension	(height × width × length): 159.0mm × 239.0mm × 373.4mm
Remote Interface	GPIB, 10/100Mbit LAN, USB 2.0 Full Speed Device & Host (support USB storage device), RS-232
Programming Language	SCPI
LXI Compatibility	LXI Core Device 2011, Version 1.4
Warm-up Time	90 minutes

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Chapter 6 Appendix RIGOL

### **Chapter 6 Appendix**

### **Appendix A: Accessories and Options List**

	Description	Ordering No.
	M300 Data Acquisition/Switch System	M300
Mainframe	M300 Data Acquisition/Switch System + DMM Module	M301
	Power Cord conforming to the standard of the	-
	USB Cable	CB-USBA-USBB-FF-150
	Mixed-interface Separator Line	MIX-SEPARATOR
Standard Accessories	Four Spare Fuses: 2 AC, 250 V, T3.15 A fuses 2 AC, 250 V, T250 mA fuses	-
	Quick Guide	-
	Resource CD (User's Guide and Application Software)	-
	DMM Module (61/2 digits)	MC3065
	32-channel Multiplexer	MC3132
	64-channel Single-ended Multiplexer	MC3164
	32-channel Reed Multiplexer	MC3232
Optional	64-channel Single-ended Reed Multiplexer	MC3264
Accessories: Module	20-voltage-channel+4-current-channel Mixed Multiplexer	MC3324
	16-channel Actuator	MC3416
	Multifunction Module	MC3534
	4×8 Matrix Switch	MC3648
	Dual 4-channel RF Multiplexer	MC3724
	MC3132/ MC3232 Terminal Block	M3TB32
0-4:1	MC3164/MC3264 Terminal Block	M3TB64
Optional Accessories:	MC3324 Terminal Block	M3TB24
Terminal Block	MC3648 Terminal Block	M3TB48
TCITIIIIai Diock	MC3534 Terminal Block	M3TB34
	MC3416 Terminal Block	M3TB16
Optional Accessories	RS232 Cable	-
	External Cable for Analog Bus Interface	A-BUS-EXT-LINE
	External Port for Analog Bus Interface	A-BUS-EXT-PORT
	Rack Mount Kit	RM-1-M300
	Rack Mount Kit for Two Instruments	RM-2-M300
	PC Software for M300 Series	Ultra Acquire Pro

**Note:** All the standard or optional accessories can be ordered from you local **RIGOL** Office.

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### **Appendix B: Warranty**

**RIGOL** warrants that its products mainframe and accessories will be free from defects in materials and workmanship within the warranty period.

If a product is proven to be defective within the respective period, **RIGOL** guarantees the free replacement or repair of products which are approved defective. To get repair service, please contact with your nearest **RIGOL** sales and service office.

**RIGOL** does not provide any other warranty items except the one being provided by this summary and the warranty statement. The warranty items include but not being subjected to the hint guarantee items related to tradable characteristic and any particular purpose. **RIGOL** will not take any responsibility in cases regarding to indirect, particular and ensuing damage.

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